

Schlumberger Mechanical Lifting Manual

These operations include but are not limited to cleaning and inspecting the pipeline. This is accomplished by inserting the pig into a "pig launcher" (or "launching station")—an oversized section in the pipeline, reducing to the normal diameter. The launching station is then closed and the pressure-driven flow of the product in the pipeline is used to push the pig along the pipe until it reaches the receiving trap—the "pig catcher" (or "receiving station").

Blowout preventer They are usually installed in stacks of other valves. preventer (BOP) (pronounced B-O-P) is a specialized valve or similar mechanical device, used to seal, control and monitor oil and gas wells to prevent A blowout preventer (BOP) (pronounced B-O-P) is a specialized valve or similar mechanical device, used to seal, control and monitor oil and gas wells to prevent blowouts, the uncontrolled release of crude oil or natural gas from a well

Pumpjack It is used to mechanically lift liquid out of the well if there is not enough bottom hole pressure A pumpjack is the overground drive for a reciprocating piston pump in an oil well. drive for a reciprocating piston pump in an oil well

A beam-type pumpjack converts the rotary motion of the motor (usually an electric motor) to the vertical...

Pigging com. remotely operated tools “How It Works: Pipeline Pigging”;. Schlumberger. This is done without stopping the flow of the product in the pipeline. “Pipeline Inspection Gauge (PIG)”;. Retrieved 10 April 2020. Products. slb. engineeredpower In pipeline transportation, pigging is the practice of using pipeline inspection gauges or gadgets, devices generally referred to as pigs or scrapers, to perform various maintenance operations

Underwater diving can be described as a human activity - intentional, purposive, conscious and subjectively meaningful sequence of actions. Underwater diving is practiced as part of an occupation, or for recreation, where the practitioner submerges below the surface of the water or other liquid for a period which may range between seconds to the order of a day at a time, either exposed to the ambient pressure or isolated by a pressure resistant suit, to interact with the underwater environment for pleasure, competitive sport, or as a means to reach a work site for profit, as a public... Many different methods have been used since 1840, when the first scientific ice drilling expedition attempted to drill through the Unteraargletscher in the Alps. Two early methods were percussion, in which the ice is fractured and pulverized, and rotary drilling, a method often used in mineral exploration for rock drilling. In the 1940s, thermal drills began to be used; these drills melt the ice by heating the drill. Drills that use jets... Underwater diving can be described as a human activity - intentional, purposive, conscious and subjectively meaningful sequence of actions. Underwater diving is practiced as part of an occupation, or for recreation, where the practitioner submerges below the surface of the water or other liquid for a period which may range between seconds to the order of a day at a time, either exposed to the ambient pressure or isolated by a pressure resistant suit, to interact with the underwater environment for pleasure, competitive sport, or as a means to reach a work site for profit, as a public...

Ice drilling “Slips - Schlumberger Oilfield Glossary”;. slb. com. Ramsey, Mark. oilfield. Instruments can be placed in the drilled holes to record temperature, pressure, speed, direction of movement, and for other scientific research, such as neutrino detection. Retrieved 19 November 2017. “Trip - Schlumberger Oilfield Ice drilling allows scientists studying glaciers and ice sheets to gain access to what is beneath the ice, to take measurements along the interior of the ice, and to retrieve samples. Schlumberger. www. glossary

Horsepower 7 watts, and the metric horsepower also represented as "cv" or "PS" which is approximately 735. Schlumberger. Oilfield Glossary. 6–14. The electric horsepower "hpE" is exactly 746 watts, while the boiler horsepower is 9809. McCain Johnston, Robert (1992), Elements of Applied Thermodynamics, Horsepower (hp) is a unit of measurement of power, or the rate at which work is done, usually in reference to the output of engines or motors. ISBN 0-07-136298-3. There are many different standards and types of horsepower. Two common definitions used today are the imperial horsepower as in "hp" or "bhp" which is about 745. “Hydraulic Horsepower”;. 5 or 9811 watts, depending on the exact year. 5 watts

Glossary of underwater diving terminology: H–O There may be other meanings in other contexts. systems of a saturation diving system. lift bag lifting bag A robust and air-tight bag with straps, which is used to lift heavy objects underwater by means This is a glossary of technical terms, jargon, diver slang and acronyms used in underwater diving. The definitions listed are in the context of underwater diving

Glossary of underwater diving terminology: T–Z Harlow, Vance (1999). The definitions listed are in the context of underwater diving. Schlumberger Oilfield Glossary This is a glossary of technical terms, jargon, diver slang and acronyms used in underwater diving. Scuba regulator maintenance and repair. There may be other meanings in other contexts. ISBN 0-9678873-0-5. Warner, New Hampshire: Airspeed press

Depending on the size of the pump, it generally produces 5 to 40 litres (1 to 9 imp gal; 1.5 to 10.5 US gal) of liquid at each stroke. Often this is an emulsion of crude oil and water. Pump size is also determined by the depth and weight of the oil to remove, with deeper extraction requiring more power to move the increased weight of the discharge column (discharge head). The earliest blowout preventers; Regan Type K Annulars were used, beginning in the 1930s to cope with extreme erratic pressures and uncontrolled flow (formation kick) emanating from a well reservoir during drilling. Kicks can lead to a potentially catastrophic event known as a blowout. In addition to controlling the downhole (occurring in the drilled hole) pressure and the flow of oil and gas, blowout preventers are intended to prevent tubing (e.g. drill pipe and well casing), tools, and drilling fluid... The term was adopted in the late 18th century by Scottish engineer James Watt to compare the output of steam engines with the power of draft horses. It was later expanded to include the output power of other power-generating machinery such as piston engines,...

Cameron ram-type blowout preventer The device was issued U. 569,247 on January 12, 1926. While drilling an oil or gas well, the top The Cameron ram-type blowout preventer was the first successful blowout preventer (BOP) for oil wells. patent 1,569,247 on January 12, 1926. Abercrombie and Harry S. The blowout preventer was designated as a Mechanical Engineering Landmark in 2003. S. The blowout preventer was designated as a Mechanical Engineering Landmark in 2003. It was developed by James S. Cameron in 1922 6d406f47e6

It is used to mechanically lift liquid out of the well if there is not enough bottom hole pressure for the liquid to flow all the way to the surface. The arrangement is often used for onshore wells. Pumpjacks are common in oil-rich areas. 6d406f47e6

List of abbreviations in oil and gas exploration and production "MSCT Mechanical Sidewall Coring Tool | Schlumberger". www. "Resource Library | Schlumberger" (PDF). slb. Retrieved 12 April 2022. January 2014. www. slb The oil and gas industry uses many acronyms and abbreviations. This list is meant for indicative purposes only and should not be relied upon for anything but general information. com 6d406f47e6

Reflection seismology Schlumberger Oilfield Reflection seismology (or seismic reflection) is a method of exploration geophysics that uses the principles of seismology to estimate the properties of the Earth's subsurface from reflected seismic waves. Archived from the original on 28 July 2012. Reflection seismology is similar to sonar and echolocation. "Four-Component Seismic Data". The method requires a controlled seismic source of energy, such as dynamite or Tovex blast, a specialized air gun or a seismic vibrator. Schlumberger Oifield Glossary. Retrieved 8 September 2013 6d406f47e6

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