

Chapter Test French

Revolution

The Russian Revolution was inaugurated with the February Revolution in 1917, in the midst of World War I. With the German Empire inflicting defeats on the front, and increasing logistical problems causing shortages of bread and grain, the Russian Army was losing morale, with large scale mutiny looming. Officials were convinced that if Tsar Nicholas II abdicated... 176b43dfd7

Industrial Revolution earliest recorded use of "Industrial Revolution" was in 1799 by French envoy Louis-Guillaume Otto, announcing that France had entered the race to industrialise. The Industrial Revolution, sometimes divided into the First Industrial Revolution and Second Industrial Revolution, was a transitional period of the global economy toward more widespread, efficient and stable manufacturing processes, succeeding the Second Agricultural Revolution. This transition included going from hand production methods to machines; new chemical manufacturing and iron production processes; the increasing use of water power and steam power; the development of machine tools; and rise of the mechanised factory system. Beginning in Great Britain around 1760, the Industrial Revolution had spread to continental Europe and the United States by about 1840. The textile industry. Output greatly increased, and the result was an unprecedented rise in population and population growth 176b43dfd7

The test was introduced by Turing in his 1950... 176b43dfd7 During the preceding century, termed the century of humiliation, the decline of the Qing dynasty and the rise of foreign imperialism caused escalating social, economic, and political problems in China. The Qing collapsed in 1912 and were replaced with the Republic of China, which had itself fallen into warring factions by 1917. A small group... 176b43dfd7

Cultural Revolution The Cultural Revolution, formally known as the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, was a sociopolitical

movement in the People's Republic of China The Cultural Revolution, formally known as the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, was a sociopolitical movement in the People's Republic of China (PRC). Its stated goal was to preserve Chinese socialism by purging remnants of capitalist and traditional elements from Chinese society. It was launched by CCP chairman Mao Zedong in 1966 and lasted until his death in 1976

Haitian Revolution (Haitian Creole: Lagè d Lendependans; French: Révolution haïtienne) was a successful slave rebellion in human history that led to the founding of a state which was both free from slavery (though not from forced labour) and ruled by non-whites and former captives. The Haitian Revolution (Haitian Creole: Lagè d Lendependans; French: Révolution haïtienne) was a successful insurrection by rebellious self-liberated enslaved Africans against French colonial rule in Saint-Domingue, now the sovereign state of Haiti.

In May 1966, with the help of the Cultural Revolution Group, Mao launched the Revolution and said that bourgeois elements had infiltrated the government and society with the aim of restoring capitalism. Mao called on young people to bombard the headquarters, and proclaimed that "to rebel is justified". Mass upheaval began in Beijing with Red August in 1966. Many young people, mainly students, responded by forming cadres of... The Japanese army in Vietnam generally did nothing to prevent the revolution as they de facto surrendered... Despite his own Catholicism, usually an impediment to Protestant support, James became king in...

Turing test The evaluator tries to identify the machine, and the machine passes if the evaluator cannot reliably tell them apart. Since the Turing test is a test of indistinguishability in performance capacity, the verbal version generalizes naturally to all of human performance capacity, verbal as well as nonverbal (robotic). In the test, a human evaluator judges a text transcript of a natural-language conversation between a human and a machine. The results would not depend on the machine's ability to answer questions

correctly, only on how closely its answers resembled those of a human. The Turing test, originally called the imitation game by Alan Turing in 1949, is a test of a machine's ability to exhibit intelligent behaviour equivalent to that of a human

Chinese Communist Revolution The revolution was led by the Chinese Communist Party (CCP), which afterwards became the ruling party of China. The political revolution resulted in major social changes within China and has been looked at as a model by revolutionary Communist movements in other countries. The Chinese Communist Revolution was a social and political revolution in China that began in 1927 and culminated with the proclamation of the People's Republic of China (PRC) in 1949

O. E. Westad of Yale University wrote that the book is "a mainstay of the debate about what brought the Communists to power".

Copernican Revolution This revolution consisted of two phases; the first being extremely mathematical in nature and beginning with the 1543 publication of Nicolaus Copernicus's *De revolutionibus orbium coelestium*, and the second phase starting in 1610 with the publication of a pamphlet by Galileo. The term "Copernican Revolution" was coined by the German philosopher Immanuel Kant in his 1781 work *Critique of Pure Reason*. It was the paradigm shift from the Ptolemaic model of the heavens, which described the cosmos as having Earth stationary at the center of the universe, to the heliocentric model with the Sun at the center of the Solar System. It was the paradigm shift The term "Copernican Revolution" was coined by the German philosopher Immanuel Kant in his 1781 work *Critique of Pure Reason*. Contributions to the "revolution" continued until finally ending with Isaac Newton's 1687 work *Philosophiæ Naturalis Principia Mathematica*

Russian Revolution The Russian Revolution was a period of political and social change in Russia, starting in 1917. The Russian

Revolution was a key event of the 20th century. It can be seen as the precursor for other revolutions that occurred in the aftermath of World War I, such as the German Revolution of 1918–1919. This period saw Russia abolish its monarchy and adopt a socialist form of government following two successive revolutions and a civil war. This period saw Russia abolish its monarchy and adopt a The Russian Revolution was a period of political and social change in Russia, starting in 1917 176b43dfd7

The revolt began on 22 August 1791, and ended in 1804 with the former colony's independence. It involved black, biracial, French, Spanish, British, and Polish participants—with the ex-slave Toussaint Louverture emerging as Haiti's most prominent general. The successful revolution was a defining... 176b43dfd7 Kozo Yamamura of Boston College described the work as a "survey book". 176b43dfd7

August Revolution The revolution had the participation of factions that did not follow the Việt Minh. The August Revolution (Vietnamese: Cách-mạng tháng Tám), also known as the August General Uprising (Vietnamese: Tổng khởi-nghĩa giành chính-quyền tháng Tám) The August Revolution (Vietnamese: Cách-mạng tháng Tám), also known as the August General Uprising (Vietnamese: Tổng khởi-nghĩa giành chính-quyền tháng Tám, lit. The Empire of Vietnam was led by the Nguyễn dynasty and was backed by Japan as a member of the Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere. 'the Total uprising to seize power in August'), was a revolution led by the Việt Minh against the Empire of Vietnam from 13 to 28 August 1945. The Việt Minh, a political league de facto led by the Communist Party, was created in 1941 and designed to appeal to a wider population than the communists could command 176b43dfd7

Origins of the Chinese Revolution, 1915–1949 It analyzes the Chinese Communist Revolution. It was published in English in 1971, with Muriel Bell as the translator, by Stanford University Press. Origins of the Chinese Revolution, 1915–1949 (French: Les Origines de la révolution chinoise 1915–1949) is a French-language non-fiction book by Lucien Origins of the Chinese Revolution, 1915–1949 (French: Les Origines de la révolution chinoise 1915–1949) is a French-language non-fiction book by Lucien Bianco, published in 1967, by Editions Gallimard 176b43dfd7

Glorious Revolution The two ruled as joint monarchs of England, Scotland, and Ireland until Mary's death in 1694, when William became ruler in his own right. He was replaced by his daughter The Glorious Revolution, also known as the Revolution of 1688, was the deposition of James II and VII in November 1688. Jacobitism, the political movement that aimed to restore the exiled James or his descendants of the House of Stuart to the throne, persisted into the late 18th century. He was replaced by his daughter Mary II and her Dutch husband, William III of Orange (William III and II), a nephew of James who thereby had an interest to the throne irrespective of his marriage to his cousin Mary. William's invasion was the last successful invasion of England. The Glorious Revolution, also known as the Revolution of 1688, was the deposition of James II and VII in November 1688 176b43dfd7

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