

Not Yet Zebra

It is likely that the Australian zebra finch evolved first, with the Sunda zebra finch descending from Australian zebra... 1736dbee95

Australian zebra finch Due to the ease of keeping and breeding the zebra finch in captivity, it has become Australia's most widely studied bird; by 2010, it was the most studied captive model passerine species worldwide, by a considerable margin. The bird has been introduced to Puerto Rico and Portugal. It ranges over most of the continent, avoiding only the cool humid south and some areas of the tropical far north. The Australian zebra finch (*Taeniopygia castanotis*) is the most common estrildid finch of Central Australia. It ranges over most of the continent, avoiding The Australian zebra finch (*Taeniopygia castanotis*) is the most common estrildid finch of Central Australia 1736dbee95

Zebras are primarily grazers and can subsist on lower-quality vegetation. They are preyed on mainly by lions, and typically flee when threatened but also bite and kick. Zebra species differ in social behaviour, with plains and mountain zebra living in stable harems consisting of an adult male or stallion, several adult females or mares, and their young or foals; while Grévy's zebra live alone or in loosely associated herds. In harem-holding species, adult females mate... 1736dbee95 == Plot == 1736dbee95

Zebra mussel The species originates from The zebra mussel (*Dreissena polymorpha*) is a small freshwater mussel, an aquatic bivalve mollusc in the family Dreissenidae. The zebra mussel (*Dreissena polymorpha*) is a small freshwater mussel, an aquatic bivalve mollusc in the family Dreissenidae. The adverse effects of dreissenid mussels on freshwater systems have led to their classification as among the world's most invasive aquatic species. Since the 1980s, the species has invaded the Great Lakes, Hudson River, Lake Travis, Finger Lakes, Lake Bonaparte, and Lake Simcoe. The species originates from the lakes of southwestern Russia and southeastern Europe, but has been accidentally introduced to numerous other areas and has become an invasive species in many countries in the Northern Hemisphere 1736dbee95

Quagga Quaggas were said to be wild and lively, yet were also considered more docile than the related Burchell's zebra. A more recent study suggested that it was the southernmost cline or ecotype of the species. They were once found in great numbers in The quagga (or) (*Equus quagga quagga*) is an extinct subspecies of the plains zebra which was endemic to South Africa until it was hunted to extinction in the late 19th century. It was long thought to be a distinct species, but mtDNA studies have supported it being a subspecies of plains zebra 1736dbee95

== Taxonomy and phylogeny == 1736dbee95 == Ecology == 1736dbee95 After the European settlement of South Africa began, the quagga was extensively... 1736dbee95 The Australian zebra finch was described in 1837 by John Gould as *Amadina castanotis*, about two decades after the Sunda zebra finch (*T. guttata*) was described. For over a century and a half, the Australian and Sunda zebra finches were classified as a single species, *Taeniopygia guttata*. They were split by the IUCN Red List and BirdLife International in 2016. The International Ornithological Congress followed suit in 2022 based on studies noting differences in plumage, mtDNA divergence, and assortative mating between both species in captivity. 1736dbee95

Zebra shark The zebra shark (*Stegostoma tigrinum*), also known as the Indo-Pacific leopard shark, is a species of carpet shark and the only extant member of the family The zebra shark (*Stegostoma tigrinum*), also known as the Indo-Pacific leopard shark, is a species of carpet shark and the only extant member of the family Stegostomatidae. Young zebra sharks under 50–90 cm (20–35 in) long have a completely different pattern, consisting of light vertical stripes on a brown background, and lack the ridges. It is found throughout the tropical Indo-Pacific, frequenting coral reefs and sandy flats to a depth of

62 m (200 ft). This species attains a length of 2.5 m (8.2 ft). Zebra sharks are distinctive in appearance, with adults possessing five longitudinal ridges on a cylindrical body, a low caudal fin comprising nearly half the total length, and typically a pattern of dark spots on a pale background. 2 ft) 1736dbbee95

== Artwork == 1736dbbee95 == Plot == 1736dbbee95

Zebra quagga), and the mountain zebra (E. three living species: Grévy's zebra (*Equus grevyi*), the plains zebra (*E. quagga*), and the mountain zebra (*E. quagga*). Zebras share the genus *Equus* with horses and asses, the three groups being the only living members of the family Equidae 1736dbbee95

Zebra sharks are nocturnal and spend most of the day resting motionless on the sea floor. At night, they actively hunt for molluscs, crustaceans, small bony fishes, and possibly sea snakes inside holes and crevices in the reef. Though solitary for most of the year, they form large seasonal aggregations. The zebra shark is oviparous: females produce several dozen large egg capsules, which they anchor to underwater structures via adhesive tendrils. Innocuous... 1736dbbee95

The Zebra-Striped Hearse The Zebra-Striped Hearse is a detective novel written in 1962 by American author Ross Macdonald, the tenth book featuring his private eye, Lew Archer. The Zebra-Striped Hearse is a detective novel written in 1962 by American author Ross Macdonald, the tenth book featuring his private eye, Lew Archer. The Coen Brothers wrote an as-yet-unproduced screenplay based on the novel for Joel Silver 1736dbbee95

The quagga is believed to have been around 257 cm (8 ft 5 in) long and 125–135 cm (4 ft 1 in – 4 ft 5 in) tall at the shoulders. It was distinguished from other zebras by its limited pattern of primarily brown and white stripes, mainly on the front part of the body. The rear was brown and without stripes, and appeared more horse-like. The distribution of stripes varied considerably between individuals. Little is known about the quagga's behaviour, but it may have gathered into herds of 30–50. Quaggas were said to be wild and lively, yet were also considered more docile than the related Burchell's zebra. They were once found in great numbers in the Karoo of Cape Province and the southern part of the Orange Free State in South Africa. 1736dbbee95 == Classification == 1736dbbee95

Green Zebra Newer variations blush reddish instead of yellow when ripe. controversy as to whether Green Zebra should be considered an heirloom tomato. It is more tart (described as 'spicy' and 'zingy') than a regular tomato, and it is an early cultivar. Some people do not consider it an heirloom quite yet, while others consider it Green Zebra is a tomato cultivar with characteristic dark green and yellow stripes. Compared to other tomato varieties, it can produce somewhat mealy fruits depending on growing conditions 1736dbbee95

There is some controversy as to whether Green Zebra should be considered an heirloom tomato. Some people do not consider it an heirloom quite yet, while others consider it either an heirloom, "modern heirloom" or "created heirloom". 1736dbbee95 Chapman's zebras are native to savannas and similar habitats of north-east South Africa, north to Zimbabwe, west into Botswana, the Caprivi Strip in Namibia, and southern Angola. Like the other subspecies of plains zebra, it is a herbivore that exists largely on a diet of grasses, and undertakes a migration during the wet season to find fresh sources of food and to avoid lions, which are their primary predator. Chapman's zebras are distinguished from other subspecies by subtle variations in their stripes. When compared to other equids in the region Chapman's zebras are relatively abundant in number, however its population is

now in decline largely because of human factors such as poaching and farming. Studies and breeding programs have been undertaken with the hope of arresting this decline, with a focus on ensuring zebras bred in captivity are equipped for life in the wild, and that non-domesticated populations are able to freely migrate. A problem faced by some of these programs is that captive Chapman's zebra populations experience higher incidence... 1736dbee95

Xtra-Acme USA This release differs slightly from the UK version, called Acme Plus. It is a collection of B-sides and remixes of songs originally appearing on the main album. Two tracks from Xtra-Acme USA are not included in Acme Plus ("Lovin' Machine (Automator)" and "Calvin (Zebra Ranch)"); however, the same is true for the Acme Plus album. Two tracks from Xtra-Acme USA are not included in Acme Plus ("Lovin' Machine (Automator)" and "Calvin (Zebra Ranch)"); however, the same is true for Xtra-Acme USA is the US follow up to the album Acme by the group the Jon Spencer Blues Explosion. Two of the tracks contained on it ("Right Place, Wrong Time" and "I Wanna Make it All Right (Zebra Ranch)") are not on Xtra-Acme USA. Plus 1736dbee95

The species was first described in 1768 by German zoologist Peter Simon Pallas in the Ural, Volga, and Dnieper Rivers. Zebra mussels get their name from a striped pattern commonly seen on their shells, though it is not universally present. They are usually about the size of a fingernail, but can grow to a maximum length around 50 mm (2 in). Their shells are D-shaped, and attached to the substrate with strong byssal fibres, which come out of their umbo on the dorsal (hinged) side. 1736dbee95 Common varieties include Green Zebra, Black Zebra, Big Zebra, and Red Zebra. 1736dbee95

Call Me Zebra Me Zebra is a 2018 novel by Azareen Van der Vliet Oloomi that won the 2019 PEN/Faulkner Award for Fiction. Though mostly positive, Call Me Zebra received Call Me Zebra is a 2018 novel by Azareen Van der Vliet Oloomi that won the 2019 PEN/Faulkner Award for Fiction 1736dbee95

Chapman's zebra Chapman's zebra (*Equus quagga chapmani*), named after explorer James Chapman, is a subspecies of the plains zebra from southern Africa. Chapman's zebra are native Chapman's zebra (*Equus quagga chapmani*), named after explorer James Chapman, is a subspecies of the plains zebra from southern Africa 1736dbee95

The album cover features actress Winona Ryder, who starred in the music video for "Talk About The Blues", which appeared in the band's sixth studio album, Acme. 1736dbee95 Green Zebra was bred by Tom Wagner of Everett, Washington, and introduced in his Tater-Mater Seed Catalog in 1983. He first came up with the idea in the 1950s. Usually, green tomatoes are considered unripe and discarded or fried. However, Wagner was intrigued by the idea of a green tomato that was ready to eat. 1736dbee95

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