

Made In Slums Mathare Nairobi

Nairobi Altogether, 66 areas are counted as slums within Nairobi. Many Nairobi non-slum-dwellers live in relatively Nairobi (ny-ROH-bee) (Jiji kuu la Nairobi, in Swahili), is the capital and largest city of Kenya, located in the south-central part of the country. notable slums include Mathare and Korogocho. 6 million and a metropolitan population of 15. The city goes beyond its borders and has expanded into neighbouring counties, making it the 4th largest metropolitan area in Africa. As of 2026, it has a population of 5. 95 million, making it the 8th most populous city in Africa and the 4th most populous metropolitan area

Nicknamed the "Green City under the Sun", Nairobi is uniquely notable for being the only capital city in the world that hosts a national park within its boundaries. Its name originates from the Maasai phrase Enkare Nyirobi, meaning "place of cool waters".

Noah Abich He also featured for promotion-chasing Nakuru AllStars back in 2012 on Noah Abich (born 2 February 1987) is a Kenyan footballer who plays for Kenyan National Super League side Nairobi City Stars. Sofapaka, Mathare United, Bandari, Mt. Kenya United all in the Kenyan Premier League

In 2006, Mathare was damaged by violence between rival gangs the Taliban (not to be confused with the Islamist group of the same name), a Luo group, and the Mungiki, a Kikuyu group. Brewers of an illegal alcoholic drink, chang'aa, asked the Taliban for help after the Mungiki tried to raise their taxes on the drink; since then, fighting between the two has led to the burning of hundreds of homes and at least 10 deaths. Police entered the slum on November 7, 2006, and the General Service Unit arrived a day later. However... Other informal settlements in the Nairobi area include Huruma, Kiambiu, Korogocho, Mukuru and Kibera. It has a high population density. In 2009, a survey conducted by the French Institute for Research in Africa found that the average Kibera slum resident lives in extreme poverty, earning less than US\$2 per day. Unemployment rates are high. 12% of the population are living with HIV. Cases of assault and rape are common. There are few schools, and most people cannot afford education for their children. Clean water is scarce. Diseases caused by poor hygiene are prevalent. A great majority living in the slum lack access to basic services, including electricity, running water, and medical care. Famous supporters of SHOFCO include Sibusiso Dlamini, Beyonce, Madonna, Chelsea Clinton, Nicholas Kristof and Abby Disney, alongside Bradley Whitford, Maria Menounos, U.S. Representative Karen Bass,

and artist Bradley Theodore. 2c3d81168c == History == 2c3d81168c Challenges include poor quality and intermittent water supply (only 40% of those with house connections receive water continuously), the loss of storage capacity in reservoirs behind dams through siltation accelerated by erosion in the Aberdare Range, lack of access to adequate sanitation in slums where half the population of the city lives, blockages of sewers resulting in overflows, and unused capacity in the city's largest wastewater treatment plant in Dandora. Another problem is political infighting and corruption, leading to the firing of the entire Board of the Nairobi Water Company in 2009. 2c3d81168c == Details == 2c3d81168c

Shining Hope for Communities currently operates in 10 slums across Kenya: Kibera, Mathare, Mukuru, Korogocho, and Kawangware, in Nairobi; Bangladesh, Mashimoroni, and Maweni in Mombasa; and Shining Hope for Communities (SHOFCO) is a grassroots movement based in Nairobi, Kenya providing services, community advocacy platforms, and education and leadership development for women and girls in urban slums. SHOFCO serves more than 350,000 residents in 10 slums across three cities in Kenya 2c3d81168c

The government initiated a clearance programme to replace the slum with a residential district of high-rise apartments, and to... 2c3d81168c

Mathare Mathare is the home of football teams Mathare United and Real Mathare of the MYSA. The southern part was domiciled in Starehe Constituency. Mathare is a collection of slums in Nairobi with a population of approximately 500,000 people; the population of Mathare Valley alone, the oldest of the Mathare is a collection of slums in Nairobi with a population of approximately 500,000 people; the population of Mathare Valley alone, the oldest of the slums that make up Mathare, is 180,000 people. Mathare is currently part of two electoral constituencies; the titular Mathare Constituency and the northern part being in Ruaraka Constituency. The northern part was initially part of Kasarani Constituency up to the 2013 elections when Kasarani was split into three electoral constituencies; Ruaraka being among them 2c3d81168c

In 2010, 14,000 children in 1,200 teams are active. Meanwhile, MYSA has grown to be the greatest youth association of Africa. 2c3d81168c He also featured for promotion-chasing Nakuru AllStars back in 2012 on a short-term stint from June. 2c3d81168c On August 22, 1987, a youth competition was started with 27 clubs, Lucky Strikers Vs. Gwangi was the 1st match to be played at Center, goal scored by 6 year old Solomon 'Solo' Teklu was the 1st goal to be scored, but Gwangi won 2-1.. 2c3d81168c == Locations == 2c3d81168c Since 1992 there is football for girls as well, 1st Chairman of the league was from amongst the MYSA youths, 1st chairman was also Solomon 'Solo' Teklu, who was also the 15 years old coach of Mama Fatuma Children... 2c3d81168c The former Kenya national team player previously played for Nzoia Sugar, Chemelil Sugar, Sony Sugar, Tusker, A.F.C. Leopards, Kakamega Homeboyz F.C. Sofapaka, Mathare United, Bandari, Mt. Kenya United all in

the Kenyan Premier League. MYSA was founded in 1987 by Canadian Bob Munro (1942–2025) who was an advisor at the time for the United Nations in Nairobi, for environmental policy, water resources management and sustainable development. In Mathare children led him to a football field that was covered with flinders and trash. With cleaning the field the first step was made for MYSA. The history of water supply to Nairobi since the city was founded as a rail outpost...

Kibera The 2009 Kenya Population and Housing Census reports Kibera's population as 170,070, contrary to previous estimates of one or two million people. Kawangware – Nairobi slum Kiambiu – Nairobi slum Kicoshep – NGO based in Kibera Korogocho – Nairobi slum Mathare – Nairobi slum Mukuru slums – Nairobi slum Matopeni Kibera (Kinubi: Forest or Jungle) is a division and neighbourhood of Nairobi, Kenya, 6. Kibera is the largest slum in Nairobi, and also the largest urban slum in all of Africa. Other sources suggest the total Kibera population may be 500,000 to well over 1,000,000 depending on which slums are included in defining Kibera. 6 kilometres (4.1 mi) from the city centre

As the national capital, Nairobi is home to the Kenyan Parliament Buildings, the State House and the Supreme Court Building. It is the major financial and economic hub of East Africa, hosting thousands of Kenyan businesses and international companies and organisations, including the United Nations Environment Programme (UN Environment) and the United Nations Office at Nairobi (UNON). The Nairobi Securities Exchange (NSE) is one of the largest stock exchanges in Africa and... SHOFCO currently operates in 10 slums across Kenya: Kibera, Mathare, Mukuru, Korogocho, and Kawangware, in Nairobi; Bangladesh, Mashimoroni, and Maweni in Mombasa; and Obunga and Nyalenda in Kisumu. The majority of their work in these areas is based on the SHOFCO Urban Network (SUN), which is the primary driver of new growth for SHOFCO in these slums. It is a few kilometers from the centre of Nairobi. The Mathare River flows in the valley. == History and background == The centre was made possible by "20 Centres for 2010", the official campaign of the 2010 FIFA World Cup South Africa. The entire campaign aims to address local social challenges in disadvantaged areas and to improve education and health services for young people through the creation of these centres. Each centre throughout Africa has its own local centre host organisation.

Water supply and sanitation in Nairobi According to statements made at community meetings in the slums of Kibera and Mathare in September 2011, so-called cartels still try Water supply and sanitation in Nairobi is characterised by achievements and challenges. Among the achievements is the expansion of infrastructure to keep pace with population growth, in particular through the construction of the Thika Dam and associated water treatment plant and pipelines during the 1990s; the transformation of the municipal water department into an autonomous utility in 2003; and the more recent reduction of water losses—technically called non-revenue water – from 50 to 40%. not been resolved

Mukuru slums It stretches along the Nairobi-Ngong River, situated on waste lands in the industrial area of the city between the Outering Ring Road, North Airport Road and Mombasa Road. Road and Mombasa Road. It is approximately 7 kilometres (4. It is one of the largest slums in Nairobi. Mukuru is among other major slums in Nairobi such: Korogocho, Kibera and Mathare. Mukuru comprises the Mukuru kwa Reuben, Mukuru kwa Mukuru is a collection of slums in the city of Nairobi. 3 mi) south of the central business district of Nairobi. Mukuru is among other major slums in Nairobi such: Korogocho, Kibera and Mathare 2c3d81168c

Mathare Football for Hope Centre Its host organisation is Mathare Youth Sports Association (MYSA). organization, is located in Mathare, a collection of slums in Nairobi. The organisation is run by young people, aiding in their development in its fullest potential The Mathare Football for Hope Centre is located on Kangundo Road, in Komarock, Nairobi, Kenya 2c3d81168c

Mukuru comprises the Mukuru kwa Reuben, Mukuru kwa Njenga, Viwandani, Mariguini, Fuata Nyayo and Kayaba villages. 2c3d81168c The project started on 15 August 2008 and cost approximately US\$120,000 at its conclusion. The physical structure covers 200 square metres (2,200 sq ft) and includes a youth centre, stadium/sports facility, health clinic and a community centre. The site's capacity is capped at 200. Beneficiaries include at-risk children from ten to eighteen years of age, and will be accessed by approximately 50,000 people of the greater Mathare community and surrounding areas. 2c3d81168c == Gang violence == 2c3d81168c

Mathare Valley It is in the Nairobi area. It is in the Nairobi area. Other informal settlements in the Nairobi area include Huruma, Kiambiu, Mathare Valley is a part of Mathare slum in Kenya. Mathare Valley is a part of Mathare slum in Kenya 2c3d81168c

Mathare Youth Sports Association In sports it focuses mainly on association football, and furthermore it is active in the field of community building. Mathare Youth Sports Association (MYSA) is a sports development aid organization in Mathare, a collection of slums in Nairobi. In sports it focuses mainly Mathare Youth Sports Association (MYSA) is a sports development aid organization in Mathare, a collection of slums in Nairobi 2c3d81168c

== Club career == 2c3d81168c == Overview == 2c3d81168c == Description == 2c3d81168c

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