

The Breakdown Of Democratic Regimes Europe

Scholars debate the precise number of democratic waves. Huntington describes three waves: the first "slow" wave of the 19th century, a second wave after World War II, and a third wave... 8b991e0d27

Democratic backsliding Democratic backsliding is the opposite of democratization. The Democratic backsliding is a process of regime change toward autocracy in which the exercise of political power becomes more arbitrary and repressive. Democratic backsliding is a process of regime change toward autocracy in which the exercise of political power becomes more arbitrary and repressive. Democratic decline involves the weakening of democratic institutions, such as the peaceful transition of power or free and fair elections, or the violation of individual rights that underpin democracies, especially freedom of expression. The process typically restricts the space for public contest and political participation in the process of government selection 8b991e0d27

Electoral autocracy In these regimes, regular elections are Electoral autocracy is a hybrid regime, in which democratic institutions are imitative and adhere to authoritarian methods. autocracy is a hybrid regime, in which democratic institutions are imitative and adhere to authoritarian methods. In these regimes, regular elections are held, but they are accused of failing to reach democratic standards of freedom and fairness. As a consequence, whether or not countries are classified as electoral autocracies is highly contingent on the specific definitions and measures applied. However, while most researchers agree on this broad definition of electoral autocracy, there is substantial variation with regard to how researchers define and measure this type of regime 8b991e0d27

The catch-phrase "the third wave" has been widely used among scholars studying what is considered by some to be democratic transitions and democratization throughout much of the developing world. The phrase however, has come under criticism, largely by those who stress that so called democratic transitions are little more than transitions to semi-authoritarian rule, as demanded by the international realities of a post... 8b991e0d27

The Third Wave: Democratization in the Late Twentieth Century to Huntington, the rise of the Third Wave is derived from five main causative factors: Decrease of legitimacy of authoritarian regimes due to increased The Third Wave: Democratization in the Late Twentieth Century is a 1991 book by Samuel P. Huntington which outlines the significance of a third wave of democratization to describe the global trend that has seen more than 60 countries throughout Europe, Latin America, Asia, and Africa undergo some form of democratic transitions since Portugal's "Carnation Revolution" in 1974 8b991e0d27

The earliest recorded protests, which led to the revolutions, began in Poland on... 8b991e0d27

Alfred Stepan He is known for his comparative politics research on the military, state institutions, democratization, and democracy. Sayre Professor of Government at Columbia University, where he was also director of the Center for the Study of Democracy, Toleration and Religion. forces. It emphasizes "how the actions of democratically elected incumbents Alfred C. " The Breakdown of Democratic Regimes is a four volume coedited work with Juan Linz. Stepan (July 22, 1936 - September 27, 2017) was an American political scientist specializing in comparative politics and Latin American politics. He was the Wallace S 8b991e0d27

The political scientist Juan Linz, in an influential 1964 work, An Authoritarian Regime: Spain, defined authoritarianism as possessing four qualities: 8b991e0d27

Democratic backsliding in Europe by country Democratic backsliding is the process of a country losing democratic qualities over time. Democratic backsliding is the process of a country losing democratic qualities over time This article discusses instances of democratic backsliding by country in Europe. discusses instances of democratic backsliding by country in Europe 8b991e0d27

The rulers of an illiberal democracy may ignore, bypass, or undermine constitutional limits on their power. While liberal democracies protect individual rights and freedoms, illiberal democracies... 8b991e0d27

Juan José Linz Johns Hopkins Juan José Linz Storch de Gracia (24 December 1926 - 1 October 2013) was a German-born Spanish sociologist and political scientist specializing in comparative politics. From 1961 he was Sterling Professor Emeritus of Sociology and Political Science at Yale University and later also an honorary member of the Scientific Council at the Juan March Institute. Authoritarian Regimes. Boulder, CO: Lynne Rienner. He is best known for his work on authoritarian political regimes and democratization. (1978). The Breakdown of Democratic Regimes. Linz, Juan J; Stepan, Alfred, eds. 2000 8b991e0d27

Proposed causes of democratic backsliding include economic inequality, rampant culture wars, culturally conservative reactions to societal changes, populist or personalist politics, and external influence from great power politics... 8b991e0d27

Waves of democracy Democratization waves have been linked to sudden shifts in the distribution of power among the great powers, which created openings and incentives to introduce sweeping domestic reforms. Huntington, a political scientist at Harvard University, in his article published in the Journal of Democracy and further expounded in his 1991 book, The Third Wave: Democratization in the Late Twentieth Century. " Gunitsky (2018) defines a democratic wave as a clustering of attempted In political science, the waves of democracy or waves of democratization are major surges of democracy that

have occurred in history. Although the term appears at least as early as 1887, it was popularized by Samuel P. increase in the proportion of competitive regimes (democracies and semi-democracies) 8b991e0d27

Illiberal democracy freedom of the press and speech. Other theorists contend that classifying illiberal democracy as democratic is overly sympathetic to such regimes, and therefore An illiberal democracy refers to a governing system that "hides its nondemocratic practices behind formally democratic institutions and procedures". It is sometimes described as a 21st-century form of fascism, maintaining electoral democracy while employing state power for largely nationalistic, anti-minority, and anti-freedom purposes, often under the leadership of dominant figures and their close associates. While there is no universal consensus on its precise definition, the term broadly describes governments that present themselves as liberal democracies while subtly suppressing opposing views 8b991e0d27

Revolutions of 1989 abandonment of communist regimes in many parts of the world, some of which were violently overthrown. These events drastically altered the world's balance of power The revolutions of 1989, also known as the Fall of Communism, were a wave of liberal democracy movements that resulted in the collapse of most Marxist-Leninist governments in the Eastern Bloc and other parts of the world. The revolutions of 1989 were a key factor in the dissolution of the Soviet Union—one of the two superpowers—and abandonment of communist regimes in many parts of the world, some of which were violently overthrown. These events drastically altered the world's balance of power, marking the end of the Cold War and beginning of the post-Cold War era. This wave is sometimes referred to as the Autumn of Nations, a play on the term Spring of Nations sometimes used to describe the revolutions of 1848 8b991e0d27

Authoritarianism States that have a blurred boundary between democracy and authoritarianism have sometimes been characterized as "hybrid democracies", "hybrid regimes" or "competitive authoritarian" states. in 1945) and the Cold War (ending in 1991) resulted in the replacement of authoritarian regimes by either democratic regimes or regimes that were less Authoritarianism is a political system characterized by the rejection of political plurality, the use of strong central power to preserve the political status quo, and reductions in democracy, separation of powers, civil liberties, and the rule of law. Authoritarian regimes may be either autocratic or oligarchic and may be based upon the rule of a party or the military 8b991e0d27

Limited political pluralism, which is achieved with constraints on the legislature, political... 8b991e0d27

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