

Integrated Korean Beginning 1

After the 1997 Asian financial crisis and the end of military censorship over the South Korean entertainment industry, the country emerged as a major exporter of popular culture. The rise of satellite media in the late 1990s helped spread K-dramas and Korean cinema into East Asia and parts of Southeast Asia. Chinese journalists... Beginning around the 1970s, more and more households in South Korea owned televisions. Programs were often produced on low budgets and were mostly consumed domestically. The industry significantly developed in the 1980s, after the spread of color television. Beginning in the early 1990s, several Korean dramas began achieving significant international popularity, primarily in China and Japan. In addition...

Korean drama These Korean drama (Korean: 한국 드라마; RR: Hanguk deurama), also known as K-drama or Koreanovela, is a Korean-language television show made in South Korea. They have since achieved significant international popularity, with millions of viewers across the world. These shows began to be produced around the early 1960s, but were mostly consumed domestically until the rise of the Korean Wave in the 1990s. Korean drama (Korean: 한국 드라마; RR: Hanguk deurama), also known as K-drama or Koreanovela, is a Korean-language television show made in South Korea

Important genres of television shows include serial dramas, historical dramas, variety shows, game shows, news programs, and documentaries. All three networks have produced increasingly lavish historical dramas in recent years. Some South Korean television programs are available on satellite and...

Integrated circuit An integrated circuit (IC), also known as a microchip or simply chip, is a compact assembly of electronic circuits formed from various electronic components. An integrated circuit (IC), also known as a microchip or simply chip, is a compact assembly of electronic circuits formed from various electronic components — such as transistors, resistors, and capacitors — and their interconnections. These components are fabricated onto a thin, flat piece ("chip") of semiconductor material, most commonly silicon. Integrated circuits are integral to a wide variety of electronic devices — including computers, smartphones, and televisions — performing functions such as data processing, control, and storage. They have transformed the field of electronics by enabling device miniaturization, improving performance, and reducing cost.

Since the mid-20th century, Korea has been split between the North Korean and South Korean states, resulting in a number of cultural differences that can be observed even today. Before the Joseon period, the practice of Korean shamanism was deeply rooted in Korean culture. In the aftermath of the war, the United States funneled significant aid to South Korea under the auspices of the United Nations Korean Reconstruction Agency. Concomitantly, North Korean reconstruction was assisted by "fraternal socialist nations:" the Soviet Union and China. In the years immediately following the war, North Korea's growth rate...

South Korea As a result, the Korean South Korea, officially the Republic of Korea (ROK), is a country in East Asia. Korea was adopted as the legal English name for the new country; however, it is not a direct translation of the Korean name. Like North Korea, South Korea claims to be the sole legitimate government of the entire peninsula and adjacent islands. It constitutes the southern half of the Korean Peninsula and borders North Korea along the Korean Demilitarized Zone, with the Yellow Sea to the west and the Sea of Japan to the east. It has a population of about 52 million, of which half live in the Seoul Metropolitan Area, the ninth most populous metropolitan area in the world; other major cities include Busan, Daegu, and Incheon.

Korean Wave The Korean Wave, or hallyu (Korean: **한류**; listen), is the dramatic rise in global interest in South

Korean popular culture since the 1990s—led by K-pop, The Korean Wave, or hallyu (Korean: 할리우;), is the dramatic rise in global interest in South Korean popular culture since the 1990s—led by K-pop, K-dramas, and films, with keystone successes including K-pop groups BTS and Blackpink, the Oscar-winning film Parasite (2019), and the television series Squid Game (2021). The Korean Wave has been recognized as a form of soft power and as an important economic asset for South Korea, generating revenue through exports and tourism

Korean Buddhism is distinguished from other forms of Buddhism by its attempt to resolve what its early practitioners saw as inconsistencies within the Mahayana Buddhist traditions that they received from foreign countries. To address this, they developed a new holistic approach... Korean cuisine is largely based on rice, vegetables, seafood and (at least in South Korea) meats. Dairy is largely absent from the traditional Korean diet. Traditional Korean meals are named for the number of side dishes (banchan) that accompany steam-cooked short-grain rice. Kimchi is served at nearly every meal. Commonly used ingredients include sesame oil, doenjang (fermented bean paste), soy sauce, salt, garlic, ginger... The Korean Peninsula was inhabited as early as the Lower Paleolithic period. Its first kingdom was noted in Chinese records in the early seventh century BC. From the mid first century BC, various polities consolidated...

Television in South Korea Most of the major television studios are located on Yeouido and Sangam-dong, Seoul. Some South Korean television programs are available on satellite and multicultural channels in foreign countries. South Korea became the fourth adopter in Asia when television broadcasting began on 12 May 1956 with the opening of HLKZ-TV, a commercially operated television station. years. South Korean television dramas In South Korea, there are a number of national television networks, the three largest of which are KBS, MBC, and SBS. HLKZ-TV was established by the RCA Distribution Company (KORCAD) in Seoul with 186-192 MHz, 100-watt output, and 525 scanning lines

Korean Buddhism Centuries after Buddhism originated in India, the Mahayana tradition arrived in China through the Silk Road in the 1st century CE, then entered the Korean peninsula in the 4th century, from where it was transmitted to Japan. As it now stands, Korean Buddhism consists mostly of the Seon Lineage, primarily represented by the Jogye and Taego Orders. In Korea, it was adopted as the state religion of 3 constituent polities of the Three Kingdoms Period, first by the Goguryeo (also known as Goryeo) in 372 CE, by the Silla (Gaya) in 528 CE, and by the Baekje in 552 CE. The Korean Seon has a strong Korean Buddhism began in the 4th century CE during the Three Kingdoms Period d6d203f469

Korean cuisine Originating from ancient agricultural and nomadic traditions in Korea and southern Manchuria, Korean cuisine reflects a complex interaction of the natural environment and different cultural trends. traditions in Korea and southern Manchuria, Korean cuisine reflects a complex interaction of the natural environment and different cultural trends. Korean cuisine Korean cuisine is the set of foods and culinary styles which are associated with Korean culture. This cuisine has evolved through centuries of social and political change d6d203f469

Compared to assemblies built from discrete components, integrated circuits are orders of magnitude smaller, faster, more energy-efficient... d6d203f469

Imperial Korean Armed Forces The Imperial Korean Armed Forces (대한군) was the military of the Korean Empire. Succeeding the Joseon Army and Navy, the Gwangmu Reform reorganized the The Imperial Korean Armed Forces (대한군) was the military of the Korean Empire d6d203f469

Culture of Korea The traditional dress known as hanbok (한복; Hanbok; alternatively Joseonot; Hanbok in North Korea) has The traditional culture of Korea is the shared cultural and historical heritage of Korea before the division of Korea in 1945. of Korean shamanism was deeply rooted in Korean culture d6d203f469

Aftermath of the Korean War The Korean War was important in the development of the Cold War, as it showed that the two superpowers, United States and Soviet Union, could fight a "limited war" in a third country. The "limited war" or "proxy war" strategy was a feature of conflicts such as the Vietnam War and the Soviet War in Afghanistan, as well as wars in Angola, Greece, and the Middle East. The aftermath of the Korean War set the tone for Cold War tension between superpowers. The Korean War was important in the development of the Cold War The aftermath of the Korean War set the tone for Cold War tension between superpowers
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