

The Wall Rome S Greatest Frontier

== Overview == 93eda086df During the Severan dynasty (AD 193-235), the Romans strengthened their defences on the Arabian frontier. They constructed... 93eda086df

Military of ancient Rome Livy asserts:. At its height, protecting over 7,000 kilometers of border and consisting of over 400,000 legionaries and auxiliaries, the army was the most important institution in the Roman world. The military of ancient Rome was one of the largest pre-modern professional standing armies in history. According to the Roman historian Livy, the military was a key element in the rise of Rome over "above seven hundred years" from a small settlement in Latium to the capital of an empire governing a wide region around the shores of the Mediterranean, or, as the Romans themselves said, *mare nostrum*, "our sea". At its height, protecting over 7,000 kilometers The military of ancient Rome was one of the largest pre-modern professional standing armies in history 93eda086df

The period of Etruscan dominance and the regal period, in which, according to tradition, Romulus was the first of seven kings 93eda086df The reason of this defensive limes was to protect the Roman province of Arabia from attacks of the nomadic tribes of the Arabian desert. The main purpose of the Limes Arabicus is disputed; it may have been used both to defend from Arab raids and to protect the commercial trade routes from robbers. 93eda086df The borders of the Roman Empire, which fluctuated throughout the empire's history, were a combination of natural frontiers (the Rhine and Danube rivers to the north and east, the Atlantic to the... 93eda086df Life in ancient Rome revolved around the city of Rome and its monumental architecture such as the Colosseum, Trajan's Forum, and the Pantheon. The city also had several theaters and gymnasia, along with many taverns, baths and brothels. Throughout the territory under ancient Rome's control, residential architecture ranged from very modest houses to country villas, and in the capital city of Rome, there were

imperial residences on the elegant Palatine Hill. The vast majority of Rome's population lived in the city center, packed into *Insulae* (apartment blocks). The Western Roman Empire collapsed... The Roman Republic, which commenced in 509 BC when kings were replaced with rule by elected magistrates. The period was marked by vast expansion of Roman territory. During the 5th century BC, Rome gained regional dominance in Latium. With the Punic Wars from 264 to 146 BC, ancient Rome gained dominance over the Western Mediterranean, displacing Carthage as the dominant regional power.

Sasanian defense lines The defense lines of the Sasanians were part of their military strategy and tactics. These defense lines are known from tradition and archaeological evidence. Wilkinson, T. (2008), *The enigma of the red snake: revealing one of the world's greatest frontier walls*, *Current World Archaeology*, No. 6; Nokandeh, J. They were networks of fortifications, walls, and/or ditches built opposite the territory of the enemies

Culture of ancient Rome The term refers to the culture of the Roman Republic, later The culture of ancient Rome existed throughout the almost 1,200-year history of Ancient Rome. The culture of ancient Rome existed throughout the almost 1,200-year history of Ancient Rome. The term refers to the culture of the Roman Republic, later the Roman Empire, which at its peak covered an area from present-day Lowland Scotland and Morocco to the Euphrates

The wall is named after the sixth Roman King, Servius Tullius. The literary tradition stating that there was some type of defensive wall or earthen works that encircled the city of Rome dating to the 6th century BC has been found to be false. The main extent of the Servian Wall was built in the early 4th century BC, during what is known as the Roman Republic. The city of Rome was the largest megalopolis of that time, with a population that may well have exceeded one million people. A substantial proportion of the population under the city's jurisdiction lived in innumerable urban centers, with population of at least 10,000 and several military settlements, a very high rate of urbanization for its time. The most urbanized... == Nature of the fortifications == The arts ==

Servian Wall In the 3rd century AD it was superseded by the construction of the larger Aurelian Walls as the city of Rome grew beyond the boundary of the Servian Wall. 8 mi) long, and is believed to have had 16 main gates, of which only one or two have survived, and enclosed a total area of 246 hectares (610 acres). The Servian Wall (Latin: Murus Servii Tullii; Italian: Mura Serviane) is an ancient Roman defensive barrier constructed around the city of Rome in the The Servian Wall (Latin: Murus Servii Tullii; Italian: Mura Serviane) is an ancient Roman defensive barrier constructed around the city of Rome in the early 4th century BC. The wall was built of volcanic tuff and was up to 10 m (33 ft) in height in places, 3. 6 m (12 ft) wide at its base, 11 km (6 93eda086df

Titus Flavius Josephus, a contemporary historian, sometime high-ranking officer in the Roman army, and commander of the rebels in the Jewish revolt describes the Roman people as if they were "born readily armed". At the time of the... 93eda086df ... if any people ought to be allowed to consecrate their origins and refer them to a divine source, so great is the military glory of the Roman People that when they profess that their Father and the Father of their Founder was none other than Mars, the nations of the earth may well submit to this also with as good a grace as they submit to Rome's dominion. 93eda086df

History of Rome Roman history has been influential on the modern The history of Rome includes the history of the city of Rome as well as the civilization of ancient Rome. Roman history can be divided into the following periods:. Roman history has been influential on the modern world, especially in the history of the Catholic Church, and Roman law has influenced many modern legal systems. The history of Rome includes the history of the city of Rome as well as the civilization of ancient Rome 93eda086df

Culture of Rome Rome was the home of some of the greatest exponents The culture of Rome in Italy refers to the arts, high culture, language, religion, politics, libraries, cuisine, architecture and fashion in Rome, Italy. seat of the Italian Senate and the Palazzo Montecitorio, now seat of the Chamber of Deputies of Italy. Rome was supposedly founded in 753 BC and ever since has been the capital of the Roman Empire, one of the main centres of Christianity, the home of the Roman Catholic Church and the seat

of the Italian Republic. Due to its historical and social importance, Rome has been nicknamed the Caput Mundi, or "capital of the world"

Roman military frontiers and fortifications In particular, Goldsworthy argues that the cavalry-based warfare of the Parthians, Sarmatians and Persians presented a major challenge to the expansion of Rome's infantry-based armies. Rome's earliest fortified land frontier. Constructed in 70 or 80, it was superseded by the later Hadrian's Wall forty years later and then the final Roman military borders and fortifications were part of a grand strategy of territorial defense in the Roman Empire, although this is a matter of debate. By the early 2nd century, the Roman Empire had reached the peak of its territorial expansion and rather than constantly expanding their borders as earlier in the Empire and Republic, the Romans solidified their position by fortifying their strategic position with a series of fortifications and established lines of defense. Historian Adrian Goldsworthy argues that the Romans had reached the natural limits which their military traditions afforded them conquest over and that beyond the borders of the early-to-mid Empire lay peoples whose military traditions made them militarily unconquerable, despite many Roman battle victories

== Fortification == The Roman Empire followed the Republic, which waned with the rise of Julius Caesar, and by all measures concluded after a period of civil war and the victory of Caesar's adopted son, Octavian, in 27 BC over Mark Antony. Ancient Rome began as an Italic settlement, traditionally dated to 753 BC, beside the River Tiber in the Italian Peninsula. The settlement grew into the city and polity of Rome, and came to control its neighbours through a combination of treaties and military strength. It eventually controlled the whole Italian Peninsula, assimilating the Greek culture of Magna Graecia (in southern Italy) and the Etruscan culture in north-central Italy, and then became the dominant power in the Mediterranean region and parts of Europe. At its height it controlled the North African coast, the Iberian and Balkan peninsulas and most of Southern and Western Europe, and much of the Middle East, including Anatolia, the Levant, Egypt, and parts of Mesopotamia and Arabia, and Crimea. That empire was among the largest empires in the ancient

world, covering around... 93eda086df

Limes (Roman Empire) The remains of the frontiers today consist of vestiges of roads, forts, fortresses, walls and ditches, and associated civilian settlements. , pl. The term has been extended in modern times to refer to the frontier defences in other parts of the empire, such as in the east and in Africa. The soldiers Limes (Latin; sing. : limites) is a term used primarily for the Germanic border defence or delimiting system of ancient Rome marking the borders of the Roman Empire. Way) 93eda086df

== History == 93eda086df Next to the Limes Arabicus Emperor Trajan built a major road, the Via Nova Traiana, from Bosra to Aila on the Red Sea, a distance of 430 km (270 mi). Built between 111 and 114 AD, its primary purpose may have been to provide efficient transportation for troop movements and government officials as well as facilitating and protecting trade caravans emerging from the Arabian Peninsula. It was completed under Emperor Hadrian. 93eda086df The fortress systems of the Western, Arabian, and Central Asian fronts were of both defensive and offensive functions. 93eda086df

Ancient Rome It encompasses the Roman Kingdom (753–509 BC), the Roman Republic (509–27 BC), and the Roman Empire (27 BC – 476 AD) until the fall of the western empire. Rome is the Roman civilisation from the founding of the Italian city of Rome in the 8th century BC to the collapse of the Western Roman Empire in the In modern historiography, ancient Rome is the Roman civilisation from the founding of the Italian city of Rome in the 8th century BC to the collapse of the Western Roman Empire in the 5th century AD 93eda086df

Limes Arabicus It ran northeast from the Gulf of Aqaba for about 1,500 kilometers (930 mi) at its greatest extent, reaching northern Syria and forming part of the wider Roman limes system. : Some Problems for Research on Forts of Rome's Eastern Frontier in "The Roman The Limes Arabicus was a desert frontier of the Roman Empire, running north from its start in the province of Arabia Petraea. S. It had several forts and watchtowers. Was There an Eastern Origin for the Design of Late Roman Fortifications 93eda086df

== Mesopotamia == 93eda086df Pre-historical and early Rome, covering Rome's earliest inhabitants and the legend of its founding by Romulus 93eda086df

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