

Activity 1 Should The Neutrality Acts Be Revised

The Emergency (Ireland) the Irish government, neutrality meant not displaying alignment with either side. This gave sweeping powers to the government, including internment, censorship of the press and correspondence, and control of the economy. It was proclaimed by Dáil Éireann on 2 September 1939, allowing the passage of the Emergency Powers Act 1939 by the Oireachtas the following day. The Emergency Powers Act lapsed on 2 September 1946, although the Emergency was not formally ended until 1976. On one hand, that meant the open announcement of military activity such The Emergency (Irish: Ré na Práinne / An Éigeandáil) was a state of emergency in the independent state of Ireland in the Second World War, throughout which the state remained neutral a07a7461c9

As in other states that employ the Westminster political system, the Civil Service – often known by the metonym of Whitehall – forms an inseparable part of the British government. The executive decisions of government ministers are implemented by the Civil Service. Civil servants are employees of the Crown and not of the British parliament. Civil servants also have some traditional and statutory responsibilities which to some extent protect them from being used for the political... a07a7461c9

Civil Service (United Kingdom) The Independent (1 August 2012). Retrieved on 2013-08-24. [dead link] Ministers plot end to Civil Service neutrality – UK Politics – UK. 1986. Bradley and In the United Kingdom, the Civil Service is the permanent bureaucracy or secretariat of Crown employees that supports His Majesty's Government, the Scottish Government and the Welsh Government, which is led by a cabinet of ministers chosen by the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland a07a7461c9

The association has been chaired by Selina Cheng since June 2024. a07a7461c9 State parties (signatories) to the Geneva Convention of 1949 and its Additional Protocols of 1977 (Protocol I, Protocol II) and 2005 have given the ICRC a mandate to protect victims of international and internal armed conflicts. Such victims include war wounded persons, prisoners, refugees, civilians, and other non-combatants. a07a7461c9

Age of consent in Europe The age of consent – hereby meaning the age from which one is deemed able to consent to having sex with anyone else of consenting age or above – varies between 14 and 18. The majority of countries set their ages in the range of 14 to 16; only four countries, Cyprus (17), the Republic of Ireland (17), Turkey (18), and the Vatican City (18), set an unrestricted age of consent higher than 16. Other acts that must be criminalised include: Engaging in sexual activities with a child ('child' is defined

in Article 3 as "person under the age of The age of consent for sex outside of marriage varies by jurisdiction across Europe a07a7461c9

Section 230 Shortly after the passage of FOSTA-SESTA acts, some in Congress recognized that additional changes should be made to Section 230 to require In the United States, Section 230 is a section of the Communications Act of 1934 that was enacted as part of the Communications Decency Act of 1996, which is Title V of the Telecommunications Act of 1996, and generally provides immunity for online computer services with respect to third-party content generated by their users. At its core, Section 230(c)(1) provides immunity from liability for providers and users of an "interactive computer service" who publish information provided by third-party users: against others a07a7461c9

International Committee of the Red Cross The organization has played an instrumental role in the development of rules of war and promoting humanitarian norms. The Franco-Prussian War The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) is a humanitarian organization based in Geneva, Switzerland, and is a three-time Nobel Prize laureate. to permanent Swiss neutrality, conflicting parties can be sure that no one from "the enemy" will be setting policy in Geneva a07a7461c9

Hong Kong Journalists Association dailies are published on the Internet. HKJA also serves as a channel for individuals to file complaints when unethical reporting in local media is observed. Established in 1968, the association acts as a trade union for journalists by seeking to improve working conditions for them and further works to aid journalists by striving to remove barriers journalists face when gathering news. To maintain its neutrality, HKJA is funded by membership fees and other fund-raising activities, such as annual dinners The Hong Kong Journalists Association (Chinese: 香港記者協會) is a Hong Kong association that represents journalists in Hong Kong a07a7461c9

A core issue to net neutrality is how ISPs should be classified under the Communications Act of 1934 as amended by the Telecommunications Act of 1996: as either Title I "information services"... a07a7461c9 International humanitarian law is inspired by considerations of humanity and the mitigation of human suffering. It comprises a set of rules, which is established by treaty or custom and that seeks to protect persons and property/objects that are or may be affected by armed conflict, and it limits the rights of parties to a conflict to use methods and means of warfare of their choice. Sources of international law... a07a7461c9 The highlighted age is that from which a young person can lawfully engage in a non-commercial sexual act with an older person, regardless of their age difference. If a participant in a sexual act is under 18 but above the age of consent then sexual acts with another person who is at or over the age of consent may still be... a07a7461c9

Fundamental Law of Education concerning the topic of political neutrality, namely, what kind of political education should be forbidden, and how to harmonize this with the promotion The Fundamental Law of Education (基本法, kyōiku kihonhō) is

a Japanese law which sets the standards for the Japanese education system
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International humanitarian law It is a branch of international law that seeks to limit the effects of armed conflict by protecting persons who are not participating in hostilities and by restricting and regulating the means and methods of warfare available to combatants. neutrality, and may not engage in warlike acts themselves; engaging in war activities under a white flag or a red cross is itself a violation of the laws International humanitarian law (IHL), also referred to as the laws of armed conflict, is the law that regulates the conduct of war (jus in bello)
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Net neutrality in the United States Without net neutrality, ISPs may prioritize certain types of traffic, meter others, or potentially block specific types of content, while charging consumers different rates for that content. With net neutrality, ISPs may not intentionally block, slow down, or charge different rates for specific online content. In the United States, net neutrality—the principle that Internet service providers (ISPs) should make no distinctions between different kinds of content In the United States, net neutrality—the principle that Internet service providers (ISPs) should make no distinctions between different kinds of content on the Internet, and to not discriminate based on such distinctions—has been an issue of contention between end-users and ISPs since the 1990s a07a7461c9

Section 230(c)(2) further provides "Good Samaritan" protection from civil liability for operators of interactive computer services... a07a7461c9 The ICRC is part of the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement, along with the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) and 191 National Societies. It is the... a07a7461c9

Foreign Enlistment Act 1870 America (to which the act applied), except in rare situations in which the foreign military activity threatened British neutrality in armed conflicts The Foreign Enlistment Act 1870 (33 & 34 Vict. 90) is an act of the Parliament of the United Kingdom that seeks to regulate mercenary activities of British citizens. c a07a7461c9

No provider or user of an interactive computer service shall be treated as the publisher or speaker of any information provided by another information content provider. a07a7461c9 It received royal assent on 9 August 1870. a07a7461c9

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