

Exploring Emotions

Emotion in animals Cognitive bias tests and learned helplessness models have shown feelings of optimism and pessimism in a wide range of species, including rats, dogs, cats, rhesus macaques, sheep, chicks, starlings, pigs, and honeybees. Charles Darwin was one of the first scientists to write about the subject, and his observational (and sometimes anecdotal) approach has since developed into a more robust, hypothesis-driven, scientific approach. The existence and nature of emotions in non-human animals are Emotion is defined as any mental experience with high intensity and high hedonic content. Mentioning. Jaak Panksepp played a large role in the study of animal emotion, basing his research on the neurological aspect. Emotion is defined as any mental experience with high intensity and high hedonic content. The existence and nature of emotions in non-human animals are believed to be correlated with those of humans and to have evolved from the same mechanisms 71a859defe

Emotions in the workplace The consequences of emotional states in the workplace,

both behaviors and attitudes, have substantial significance for individuals, groups, and society". "Events at work have real emotional impact on participants. "Positive emotions in the workplace help employees obtain favorable outcomes including achievement, job enrichment and higher quality social context". consequences for allowing negative emotions to affect your general attitude or mood at work. "Emotions and emotion management are a prominent feature Emotions in the workplace play a large role in how an entire organization communicates within itself and to the outside world. "Negative emotions, such as fear, anger, stress, hostility, sadness, and guilt, however increase the predictability of workplace deviance," and how the outside world views the organization

The research draws upon, and has significant implications for, such areas as philosophy, musicology, music therapy, music theory, and aesthetics, as well as the acts of musical composition and of musical performance like a concert.

Sociology of emotions Sociologists have focused on how emotions. The Sociology of emotions applies a sociological lens to the topic of emotions. While the topic of emotions can be found in early classic sociological theories, sociologists began a more

systematic study of emotions in the 1970s when scholars in the discipline were particularly interested in how emotions influenced the self, how they shaped the flow of interactions, how people developed emotional attachments to social structures and cultural symbols, and how social structures and cultural symbols constrained the experience and expression of emotions. The discipline of Sociology, which falls within the social sciences, is The Sociology of emotions applies a sociological lens to the topic of emotions. The discipline of Sociology, which falls within the social sciences, is focused on understanding both the mind and society, studying the dynamics of the self, interaction, social structure, and culture 71a859defe

Music and emotion widely used method for studying emotion and has shown that people identify emotions and personally experience emotions while listening to music. The field, a branch of music psychology, covers numerous areas of study, including the nature of emotional reactions to music, how characteristics of the listener may determine which emotions are felt, and which components of a musical composition or performance may elicit certain reactions. Scales Research into music and emotion seeks to understand the psychological relationship between human affect and music 71a859defe

"Emotions normally are associated with specific events or occurrences and are intense enough to disrupt thought processes... 71a859defe

The Expression of the Emotions in Man and Animals The Expression of the Emotions in Man and Animals is Charles Darwin's third major work of evolutionary theory, following On the Origin of Species (1859) The Expression of the Emotions in Man and Animals is Charles Darwin's third major work of evolutionary theory, following On the Origin of Species (1859) and The Descent of Man, and Selection in Relation to Sex (1871). Darwin explores the biological aspects of emotional behaviour and the animal origins of human characteristics like smiling and frowning, shrugging shoulders, the lifting of eyebrows in surprise, and baring teeth in an angry sneer. Initially intended as a chapter in Descent of Man, Expression grew in length and was published separately in 1872 71a859defe

Emotion In some uses of the word, emotions are intense feelings that are directed at someone or something. On the other hand, emotion Emotions are physical and mental states brought on by neurophysiological changes, variously associated with thoughts, feelings, behavioral responses, and a degree of pleasure or displeasure. Emotions are

often intertwined with mood, temperament, personality, disposition, or creativity. There is no scientific consensus on a definition. emotions have benefits

Emotions in decision-making thinking and decision-making does not leave much room for strong emotions. In fact, emotions are often considered irrational occurrences that may distort reasoning. Rational thinking and decision-making does not leave much room for strong emotions. In fact, emotions are often considered irrational occurrences that may distort One way of thinking holds that the mental process of decision-making is (or should be) rational: a formal process based on optimizing utility

A German translation of Expression appeared in 1872, and Dutch and French versions followed in 1873 and 1874. Though Expression has never been out of print since its first publication, it has also been described as Darwin's "forgotten masterpiece... Research on emotion has increased over the past two decades, with many fields contributing, including psychology, medicine, history, sociology of emotions, computer science and philosophy. The numerous attempts to explain the origin, function, and other aspects of emotions have fostered intense research on this topic.

Theorizing about the evolutionary origin and possible purpose of emotion dates back to Charles Darwin. Current areas of research include the neuroscience... Human neurology can explain some of the cross-cultural similarities in emotional... Loewenstein and Lerner divide emotions during decision-making into two types: those anticipating future emotions and those immediately experienced while deliberating and deciding. Damasio formulated the somatic marker hypothesis... However, there are presently theories and research for both rational decision-making and emotional decision-making focusing on the important role of emotions in decision-making and the mental process and logic on the important role in rational decision-making.

Social sharing of emotions experiences and express their emotions. This research was a significant development in social psychology because it questioned the accepted view of emotions—that emotions are short-lived and intrapersonal episodes—that was prevalent in the literature. Yet, the first set of experiments revealed. Scientific studies of catastrophes and important life events demonstrate the propensity of victims to talk about their experiences and express their emotions. According to this area of research, emotional experiences are not uniquely fleeting and internal. At the onset of

these empirical studies, Rimé et al. coined the term “social sharing of emotions” in 1991 to name the observed phenomenon. The social sharing of emotions is a phenomenon in the field of psychology that concerns the tendency to recount and share emotional experiences with others. At the onset of these empirical studies, Rimé et al. coined the term “social sharing of emotions” in 1991 to name the observed phenomenon.

Emotions and culture, facial expressions, body postures, inflections), and are almost always felt physiologically (e.g., increased heart rate). Emotions are both intrapersonal and interpersonal phenomena, are often conveyed behaviorally (e.g., facial expressions). People around the world experience emotions, and thus how emotions are experienced, expressed, perceived, and regulated varies greatly. Enculturation, or the socialization of a developing human mind to a particular culture context, is the platform from which variation in emotion emerges. Psychological factors; and is observer-dependent—emotions exist only in the minds of individuals. Emotions are both intrapersonal and interpersonal phenomena. An emotion is a conscious, intentional response directed toward an object; is dependent on cultural, biological, and psychological factors; and is observer-dependent—emotions exist only in the minds of

individuals 71a859defe

Art and emotion Emotional or aesthetic responses to art have previously been viewed as basic stimulus response, but new theories and research have suggested that these experiences are more complex and able to be studied experimentally. Emotional responses are often regarded as the keystone to experiencing art, and the creation of an emotional experience has been argued as the purpose of artistic expression. Research has shown that the neurological underpinnings of perceiving art differ from those used in standard object recognition. Instead, brain regions involved in the experience of emotion and goal setting show activation when. other diverse emotions can still be felt in response to art, which can be sorted into three categories: Knowledge Emotions, Hostile Emotions, and Self-Conscious In psychology of art, the relationship between art and emotion has newly been the subject of extensive study thanks to the intervention of esteemed art historian Alexander Nemerov 71a859defe

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