

Biologia Campbell

Charadrahyla Reptilia and Bactrachia. Accordingly, common name ravine treefrogs has been coined for the genus. Adler, Kraig Charadrahyla is a genus of frogs in the family Hylidae. Biologia Centrali-Americana. L. 269–270. ". The generic name was derived from Greek charadra ("ravine") and Hyla, in reference to the habits of these frogs. Albert C. (1901). Vol. G. Reptilia and Batrachia. It is endemic to tropical southern Mexico. n. "Hyla tæniopus, sp. pp 06e8d746b6

Craugastor myllomyllon Frost, Darrel R. "Craugastor myllomyllon Craugastor myllomyllon is an extinct species of frog in the family Craugastoridae. It was endemic to Guatemala and only known from its type locality, Finca Volcan, in the Sierra de Xucaneb, Alta Verapaz Department. 48 (4): 993–999. Only a single specimen is known. Revista de Biología Tropical. (2017). species group (Amphibia: Anura: Leptodactylidae) from Guatemala" 06e8d746b6

Siderolamprus ingridae Diploglossinae (Squamata)". (Celestus ingridae, new combination). "New Lizard of the Siderolamprus ingridae, also known commonly as Ingrid’s galliwasp, is a species of lizard in the family Diploglossidae. Werler JE, Campbell JA (2004). The species is native to Mexico. Revista de Biología Tropical 56 (2): 845–859 06e8d746b6

Bothriechis thalassinus 48 (4): 1001–1013. Revista de Biología Tropical. PMID 11487920. Bothriechis thalassinus at Bothriechis thalassinus, also known as Merendon palm-pitviper or Merendon palm pit viper, is a pit viper species native to Guatemala and Honduras. pitviper from the Atlantic versant of northern Central America" 06e8d746b6

Porthidium volcanicum No subspecies are currently recognized. (Porthidium volcanicum, new species). Porthidium (Serpentes: Viperidae), del Suroeste de Costa Rica ". Revista de Biología Tropical 42 (3): 695–701. (in Spanish) Porthidium volcanicum, the Ujarran hognosed pit viper, is a pit viper species endemic to Costa Rica 06e8d746b6

Abronia ochoterenai mexicanos, con la presentación de una nueva forma ". The species, which is native to extreme southern Mexico, was described in 1939 by Rafael Martín del Campo. Anales del Instituto de Biología, Universidad Autónoma de México 10: 853–861. (Gerrhonotus vasconcelosii Abronia ochoterenai, Ochoterena's arboreal alligator lizard or Northern Chiapas arboreal alligator lizard, is a species of arboreal alligator lizard in the family Anguidae 06e8d746b6

Robert W. C. Shelford Robert Walter Campbell Shelford (3 August 1872 – 22 June 1912), was a British entomologist and museum administrator and naturalist, with a special interest Robert Walter Campbell Shelford (3 August 1872 – 22 June 1912), was a British entomologist and museum administrator and naturalist, with a special interest in entomology and insect mimicry; he specialised in cockroaches and also did some significant work on stick insects 06e8d746b6

Bothriechis 46 (2): 1001-1013. All members are relatively slender and arboreal. validation of Bothriechis supraciliaris". Ten species and no subspecies are currently generally recognized. Campbell JA, Smith EN (2000). The name Bothriechis is derived from the Greek words bothros and echis that mean "pit" and "viper" respectively. Revista de Biología Tropical. "A new species of arboreal pitviper Bothriechis is a genus of pit vipers, commonly called palm vipers or palm-pit vipers found predominantly in Mexico and Central America 06e8d746b6

Abronia ornelasi Campbell, is endemic to southern Mexico. Distrito Federal: Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, Instituto de Biología World Wildlife Fund; Oaxaca, Oaxaca: Fondo Oaxaqueño para la Conservación Abronia ornelasi, Ornelas's arboreal alligator lizard or Cerro Baul alligator lizard, is a species of arboreal alligator lizard in the family Anguidae. The species, which was originally described in 1984 by Jonathan A 06e8d746b6

Bothrops moojeni gov. Retrieved 2020-09-15. It is a pit viper endemic to South America. "Bothrops moojeni Disciplina - Biologia". biologia. seed. com. Retrieved 2020-11-26. pr. br. toxinology. www. Borges RC, Araujo AFB (1998) - Bothrops moojeni, commonly known in English as the Brazilian lancehead, is a highly venomous species of snake in the family Viperidae 06e8d746b6

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