

Question Paper Of Dhaka University Kha Unit

The CAA amends the Indian citizenship act to provide accelerated pathway for citizenship for illegal migrants who are Hindu, Sikh, Jain, Parsi, Buddhist, and Christian from Afghanistan... 2b3b68bb3e

Citizenship Amendment Act protests at Jadavpur University, from attending the university convocation ceremony. The move sparked a widespread national and overseas ongoing protests against the act and its associated proposals of the National Register of Citizens (NRC). Protests broke out rapidly across the country, although the concerns of the protesters vary. The protests first began in Assam and spread swiftly in other states such as Delhi, Meghalaya, Arunachal Pradesh, and Tripura on 4 December 2019. The vice-president of the BJP West Bengal unit raised questions that why the The Citizenship Amendment Act (Bill) protests, also known as the CAA Protest, CAB Protest or CAA and NRC protests, occurred after the Citizenship Amendment Act (CAA) was enacted by the Government of India on 12 December 2019 2b3b68bb3e

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Indira Gandhi Bhutto asked the nation to unite and slogans such as "hum ghaas aur pattay kha lay gay magar nuclear

power bank rhe gay" ("We will eat grass or leaves Indira Priyadarshini Gandhi (née Nehru; 19 November 1917 – 31 October 1984) was an Indian politician and stateswoman who served as the prime minister of India from 1966 to 1977 and again from 1980 until her assassination in 1984. Her cumulative tenure of 15 years and 350 days makes her the second-longest-serving Indian prime minister after her father. She was India's first and, to date, only female prime minister, and a central figure in Indian politics as the leader of the Indian National Congress (INC). She was the daughter of Jawaharlal Nehru, the first prime minister of India, and the mother of Rajiv Gandhi, who succeeded her as prime minister 2b3b68bb3e

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The length of the short description used in this report is customizable. Edit the page and change the number at the end of the line that reads AND LENGTH(pp_value) > 2b3b68bb3e During her father Jawaharlal Nehru's premiership from 1947 to 1964, Gandhi was his hostess and accompanied him on his numerous foreign trips. In... 2b3b68bb3e ListCheckWiki enwiki-\$-pages-articles.xml.bz2 wiki:Wikipedia:CHECKWIKI/WPC_{0}_dump 553 2b3b68bb3e

Sheikh Hasina Hasina lived in Rokeya Hall, which was founded in 1938 as the women's dormitory of Dhaka University; Sheikh Hasina (née Wazed; born 28 September 1947) is a Bangladeshi politician who served as the tenth prime minister of Bangladesh from June 1996 to July 2001 and again from January 2009 to August 2024. Her second term in office was the longest administration since the independence of the country, which critics characterized with dictatorship, oligarchy and crimes against humanity. literature at Dhaka University, from where she graduated in 1973. She resigned and was exiled to India following the July Revolution in 2024 2b3b68bb3e

Wikipedia:Featured article candidates/Bengal famine of 1943/archive4 deprived of much of the greater context. No further

edits should be made to this page. Bose, in contrast, is rather at pains to unpack the relationships between such entities as "de facto khas khamar, land The following is an archived discussion of a featured article nomination. Please do not modify it. Subsequent comments should be made on the article's talk page or in Wikipedia talk:Featured article candidates 2b3b68bb3e

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Bangladesh genocide Seeking to curtail the Bengali self-determination movement, erstwhile Pakistani president Yahya Khan approved a large-scale military deployment, and in the nine-month-long conflict that ensued, Pakistani soldiers and local pro-Pakistan militias killed between 300,000 and 3,000,000 Bengalis and raped between 200,000 and 400,000. It began on 25 March 1971, as Operation Searchlight was launched by West Pakistan (now Pakistan) to militarily subdue the Bengali population of East Pakistan; the Bengalis comprised the demographic majority and had been calling for independence from the Pakistani state. About 34 students were killed in the dormitories of Dhaka University. Neighbourhoods of old Dhaka which had a majority Hindu population were also attacked The Bangladesh genocide was the ethnic cleansing of Bengalis residing in East Pakistan (now Bangladesh) during the Bangladesh Liberation War, perpetrated by the Pakistan Army and the Razakars militia 2b3b68bb3e

Hasina is the daughter of Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, Bangladesh's founding president, and is a member of the Tungipara Sheikh political family. She had little presence in politics before her father's assassination in August 1975. Afterwards, she took asylum in India and became involved with the Awami League and was elected as its president, a... 2b3b68bb3e Download the file enwiki-YYYYMMDD-pages-articles.xml.bz2 from the most recent dump. For example, on your.org, go to directory YYYYMMDD for the most recent date (for example 20171020), and retrieve the requested file (for example enwiki-20171020-pages-articles.xml.bz2). 2b3b68bb3e

Nepal It is mainly situated in the Himalayas, but also includes parts of the Indo-Gangetic Plain. In the 11th century, a powerful empire of Khas people Nepal, officially the Federal Democratic Republic of Nepal, is a landlocked country in South Asia. It borders the Tibet Autonomous Region of China to the north, and India to the south, east, and west, while it is narrowly separated from Bangladesh by the Siliguri Corridor, and from Bhutan by the Indian state of Sikkim. Kathmandu is the nation's capital and its largest city. middle of the 11th century AD; not much is known of this period that is often called the dark period. Nepal is a multi-ethnic, multi-lingual, multi-religious, and multi-cultural state, with Nepali as the official language. Nepal has a diverse geography, including fertile plains, subalpine forested hills, and eight of the world's ten tallest mountains, including Mount Everest, the highest point on Earth 2b3b68bb3e

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