

Whales

All three species are migratory, moving seasonally to feed or give birth. The warm equatorial waters form a barrier that isolates the northern and southern species from one another although the southern species, at least, has been known to cross the equator. In the Northern Hemisphere, right whales tend to avoid open waters and stay close to peninsulas and bays and on continental shelves, as these areas offer greater shelter and an abundance of their preferred foods. In the Southern Hemisphere, right whales feed far offshore in summer, but a large portion... 91ed84eb4f The sperm whale is a pelagic mammal with a worldwide range, and will migrate seasonally for feeding and breeding. Females and young males live together in groups, while mature males (bulls) live solitary lives outside of the mating season. The females cooperate to protect and nurse their young. Females give birth every four to twenty years and care for the calves for more than a decade. A mature, healthy sperm whale has no natural predators, although calves and weakened adults are sometimes killed by pods of orcas. 91ed84eb4f

Humpback whale feeders", swallowing prey in bulk, while right whales and bowhead whales are skimmers, and the whale increases its mouth gape by expanding the grooves 91ed84eb4f

Minke whale world, various types of whales, including Humpback whales, Blue whales, Fin whales, Bryde's whales, and Antarctic minke whales, were tracked for four years 91ed84eb4f

The word "song" is used to describe the pattern of regular and predictable sounds made by some species of whales, especially the humpback whale. This is included with or in comparison with music, and male humpback whales have been described as "inveterate composers" of songs that are "'strikingly... 91ed84eb4f Baleen whales range in size from the 6 m (20 ft) and 3,000 kg (6,600 lb) pygmy right whale to the 31 m (102 ft) and 190 t (210 short tons) blue whale, the largest known animal to ever exist. They are sexually dimorphic. Baleen whales can have streamlined or large bodies, depending on the feeding behavior, and two limbs that are modified into flippers. The fin whale is the fastest baleen whale, recorded swimming at 10 m/s (36 km/h; 22 mph). Baleen whales use their baleen plates to filter... 91ed84eb4f Mature males average 16 metres (52 ft) in length, with the head representing up to one-third of the animal's length. Plunging to 2,250 metres (7,380 ft), it is the third deepest diving mammal, exceeded only by the southern elephant seal and Cuvier's beaked whale. The sperm

whale uses echolocation and vocalization with source level as loud as 236 decibels... 91ed84eb4f

Pilot whale Pilot whales are among the largest. long-finned pilot whales living in colder waters and short-finned pilot whales living in tropical and subtropical waters 91ed84eb4f

Fin whale Fin whales typically live far offshore and occupy. withdrew from the IWC in 2019 and resumed fin whale hunting in the North Pacific, taking 30 whales in 2024 91ed84eb4f

Whale e. Mysticetes include four extant (living) families: Balaenopteridae (the rorquals), Balaenidae (right whales), Cetotheriidae (the pygmy right whale), and Eschrichtiidae (the grey whale). Their closest non-cetacean living relatives are the hippopotamuses, from which they and other cetaceans diverged about 54 million years ago. As an informal and colloquial grouping, they correspond to large members of the infraorder Cetacea, i. Dolphins and porpoises may be considered whales from a formal, cladistic perspective. Odontocetes include the Monodontidae (belugas and narwhals), Physeteridae (the sperm whale), Kogiidae (the dwarf and pygmy sperm whale), and Ziphiidae (the beaked whales), as well as the six families of dolphins and porpoises which are not considered whales in the informal. Whales, dolphins and porpoises belong to the order Cetartiodactyla Whales are a widely distributed and diverse group of fully aquatic placental marine mammals. porpoises. Whales, dolphins and porpoises belong to the order Cetartiodactyla, which consists of even-toed ungulates. all cetaceans apart from dolphins and porpoises. Dolphins and porpoises may be considered whales from a formal, cladistic perspective. The two parvorders of whales, baleen whales (Mysticeti) and toothed whales (Odontoceti), are thought to have had their last common ancestor around 34 million years ago 91ed84eb4f

Whale vocalization The question of whether whales sometimes Whales use a variety of sounds for communication and sensation. [1]. Marine mammals, including whales, dolphins, and porpoises, are much more dependent on sound than land mammals due to the limited effectiveness of other senses in water. Sight is less effective for marine mammals because of the way particulates in the ocean scatter light. Smell is also limited, as molecules diffuse more slowly in water than in air, which makes smelling less effective. The mechanisms used to produce sound vary from one family of cetaceans to another. As sea mammals are so dependent on hearing to communicate and feed, environmentalists and cetologists are concerned that they are being harmed by the increased ambient noise in the world's oceans caused by ships, sonar, marine seismic surveys and offshore wind farms. However, the speed of sound is roughly three times greater in water than in the atmosphere at sea level. sound a whale makes could mean something different. The clicking noises whales make are used for navigation

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Sperm whale Sperm whales can live 70 years or more. Sperm whales' heads are filled with a waxy substance called "spermaceti" (sperm oil), from which the whale derives The sperm whale or cachalot (*Physeter macrocephalus*) is the largest of the toothed whales and the largest toothed predator. It is the only living member of the genus *Physeter* and one of three extant species in the sperm whale superfamily *Physeteroidea*, along with the pygmy sperm whale and dwarf sperm whale of the genus *Kogia* 91ed84eb4f

Chinatrust Whales Founded as an amateur team in 1991, this club. The Chinatrust Whales (鯨鯨), formerly Koos Group Whales (鯨鯨), were a Taiwanese professional baseball team 91ed84eb4f

Baleen whale Baleen whales split from toothed whales (*Odontoceti*) around 34 million years ago. Baleen whales (/bəˈliːn/), also known as whalebone whales, are marine mammals of the parvorder *Mysticeti* in the infraorder *Cetacea* (whales, dolphins and Baleen whales ()), also known as whalebone whales, are marine mammals of the parvorder *Mysticeti* in the infraorder *Cetacea* (whales, dolphins and porpoises), which use baleen plates (or "whalebone") in their mouths to sieve plankton from the water. *Mysticeti* comprises the families *Balaenidae* (right and bowhead whales), *Balaenopteridae* (rorquals), *Eschrichtiidae* (the gray whale) and *Cetotheriidae* (the pygmy right whale). There are 16 species of baleen whales. While cetaceans were historically thought to have descended from mesonychians, molecular evidence instead supports them as a clade of even-toed ungulates (*Artiodactyla*) 91ed84eb4f

Right whale *glacialis*), the North Pacific right whale (E Right whales are three species of large baleen whales of the genus *Eubalaena*: the North Atlantic right whale (*E. glacialis*), the North Pacific right whale (*E. japonica*) and the southern right whale (*E. Right whales have rotund bodies with arching rostrums, V-shaped blowholes and dark gray or black skin. australis*). Right whales are typically 13–17 m (43–56 ft) long and weigh up to 100 short tons (91 t; 89 long tons) or more. The most distinguishing feature of a right whale is the rough patches of skin on its head, which appear white due to parasitism by whale lice. They are classified in the family *Balaenidae* with the bowhead whale. whales are three species of large baleen whales of the genus *Eubalaena*: the North Atlantic right whale (E 91ed84eb4f

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