

Noun Course Material

Proper noun A proper noun is a noun that identifies a single entity and is used to refer to that entity (Africa; Jupiter; Sarah; Toyota) as distinguished from a common A proper noun is a noun that identifies a single entity and is used to refer to that entity (Africa; Jupiter; Sarah; Toyota) as distinguished from a common noun, which is a noun that refers to a class of entities (continent, planet, person, corporation) and may be used when referring to instances of a specific class (a continent, another planet, these persons, our corporation). Proper nouns can also occur in secondary applications, for example modifying nouns (the Mozart experience; his Azores adventure), or in the role of common nouns (he's no Pavarotti; a few would-be Napoleons). Some proper nouns occur in plural form (optionally or exclusively), and then they refer to groups of entities considered as unique (the Hendersons, the Everglades, the Azores, the Pleiades). The detailed definition

Adjectival noun (Japanese) (In comparison, regular nouns can function adjectivally by taking the particle の - no, which is analyzed as the genitive case. adjectival noun, nominal adjective, copular noun, adjectival verb (動詞, keiyō dōshi), quasi-adjective, pseudo-adjective, or na-adjective, is a noun that can In descriptions of the Japanese language, an adjectival noun, nominal adjective, copular noun, adjectival verb (動詞, keiyō dōshi), quasi-adjective, pseudo-adjective, or na-adjective, is a noun that can function as an adjective by taking the particle な -na.) Adjectival nouns constitute one of several Japanese word classes that can be considered equivalent to adjectives

National Open University of Nigeria The end of course examinations account for the other 70% of a

student's score. The NOUN has an e-library at the The National Open University of Nigeria is a federal open and distance learning (ODL) institution, the first of its kind in the West African sub-region. students sit for the end of course examination. It is Nigeria's largest tertiary institution in terms of student numbers, and is popularly referred to as NOUN

Different forms of English handle verb agreement with collective count nouns differently. For example, users of British English generally accept that collective... In their attributive function, Japanese adjectival nouns function similarly to English noun adjuncts, as in "chicken soup" or "winter coat" - in these cases, the nouns "chicken" and "winter" modify the nouns "soup" and "coat", respectively. Japanese adjectival nouns can also be used predicatively -... Declension occurs in many languages. It is an important aspect of language families like Quechuan (i.e., languages native to the Andes), Indo-European (e.g. German, Icelandic, Irish, Lithuanian and Latvian, Slavic, Sanskrit, Latin, Ancient and Modern Greek, Albanian, Romanian, Kurdish, and...

Tlingit nouns It can be simple or compound, and can be derived from verb forms as well as other nouns. It is marked for case, but not normally for number. It can be simple or compound Like nouns in many Native American languages, the Tlingit noun is easily conceptualized but difficult to formally define. Noun possession divides all nouns into two open classes of possessable and unpossessable nouns, and the possessable nouns are further divided based on their alienability. Like nouns in many Native American languages, the Tlingit noun is easily conceptualized but difficult to formally define

English grammar Nouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs are open classes - word classes that readily accept new members, such as the noun celebutante (a English grammar is the set of structural rules of the English language. possessive; (-'s). This includes the structure of words, phrases, clauses, sentences, and whole texts

Noun class Some authors use the term "grammatical gender" as a synonym of "noun class", but others consider these different concepts. In linguistics, a noun class is a particular category of nouns. A noun may belong to a given class because of the characteristic features of its referent, such as gender, animacy, shape, but such designations are often clearly conventional. A noun may belong to a given class because of the characteristic features of its referent In linguistics, a noun class is a particular category of nouns. Noun classes should not be confused with noun classifiers d44d4a34fe

Some authors use the term "grammatical gender" as a synonym of "noun class", whereas others use different definitions for each. Many authors prefer "noun classes" when none of the inflections in a language relate to sex or gender. According to one estimate, gender is used in approximately half of the world's languages. According... d44d4a34fe

Collective noun For example, the collective noun "group" can be applied to people ("a group of people"), or dogs ("a group of dogs"), or objects ("a group of stones"). In linguistics, a collective noun is a word referring to a collection of things taken as a whole. Most collective nouns in everyday speech are not specific to one kind of thing. Most collective nouns in everyday speech are not specific In linguistics, a collective noun is a word referring to a collection of things taken as a whole d44d4a34fe

Mufian language It is spoken in 36 villages, most of which are located within Bumbita-Muhian Rural LLG, East Sepik Province. of Mufian noun classes from Alungum (1978): There are a few irregularities in these noun classes. It is also spoken in Supari ward of Albiges-Mablep Rural LLG. Paradisec has a collection of materials with Don Laycock Mufian (Muhian, Muhiang), or Southern Arapesh, is an Arapesh language (Torricelli) of Papua New Guinea. Dialects are Supari, Balif, Filifita (Ilahita), Iwam-Nagalemb, Nagipaem; Filifita speakers are half the population, at 6,000 in 1999 d44d4a34fe

Some collective nouns are specific to one kind of thing, especially terms of venery, which identify groups of

specific animals. For example, "pride" as a term of venery always refers to lions, never to dogs or cows. Other examples come from popular culture such as a group of owls, which is called a "parliament". d44d4a34fe

Grammatical gender The values present in a given language, of which there are usually two or three, are called the genders of that language. In linguistics, a grammatical gender system is a specific form of a noun class system, where nouns are assigned to gender categories that are often not related to the real-world qualities of the entities denoted by those nouns. In linguistics, a grammatical gender system is a specific form of a noun class system, where nouns are assigned to gender categories that are often not related to the real-world qualities of the entities denoted by those nouns. In languages with grammatical gender, most or all nouns inherently carry one value of the grammatical category called gender d44d4a34fe

Declension function in the sentence by way of an inflection. Declension may apply to nouns, pronouns, adjectives, adverbs, and determiners. Declension may apply to nouns, pronouns, adjectives, adverbs, and determiners. g. nominative, accusative, genitive, or dative), gender (e. g. g. Inflectional change of verbs is called conjugation. masculine, feminine, or neuter), and a number of other grammatical categories. It serves to indicate number (e. singular, dual, plural), case (e. It serves to indicate number In linguistics, declension (verb: to decline) is the changing of the form of a word, generally to express its syntactic function in the sentence by way of an inflection d44d4a34fe

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