

The World Encyclopedia Of Coffee

== Bulk coffee == 9799f29254

International Coffee Agreement First signed in 1962, it was originally aimed at maintaining exporting countries' quotas and keeping coffee prices high and stable in the market, mainly using export quotas to steer the price. The International Coffee Organization, the controlling body of the agreement, represents all major coffee producing countries and most consuming countries. The war had created the conditions The International Coffee Agreement (ICA) is an international commodity agreement between coffee producing countries and consuming countries. 2022. The precursor to the ICA was the Inter-American Coffee Agreement (IACA) established during the Second World War 9799f29254

Up to the end of the 17th century, the Yemeni port of Mocha was the world's sole gateway for coffee, but as demand grew, cultivation spread to other parts of the world. One of the earliest cultivations of coffee in the New World was when Gabriel de Clieu brought coffee seedlings to Martinique in 1720, from which it spread to other Caribbean islands such as Saint-Domingue and also to Mexico. By 1788, Saint-Domingue supplied half... 9799f29254 The current 2022 agreement has 42 exporting members and 7 importing (the European Union represents all its member states as one member). 9799f29254

Coffee Dark-colored and bitter, coffee has a stimulating effect on humans due to its caffeine content; however decaffeinated coffee is also commercially available. 15th century. There are also various coffee substitutes. Up to the end of the 17th century, most of the world's coffee was imported from Yemen. As it gained in popularity, coffee started to be cultivated Coffee is a beverage brewed from roasted, ground coffee beans 9799f29254

== History == 9799f29254 == History == 9799f29254 The coffee

plant originates in the Ethiopian region of Kaffa. According to legend, the 9th-century goat herder Kaldi discovered the coffee plant after noticing... 9799f29254 The 60 kg sack is starting to be replaced by huge polypropylene or polyethylene bags, such as the flexible intermediate bulk container. These are increasingly used for coffee exports - especially... 9799f29254 Coffee production begins when the seeds from coffee cherries, the *Coffea* plant's fruits, are separated to produce unroasted green coffee beans. The "beans" are roasted and then ground into fine particles. Coffee is brewed from the ground roasted beans, which are typically steeped in hot water before being filtered out. It is usually served hot, although chilled or iced coffee is common. Coffee can be prepared and presented in a variety of ways, e.g., espresso, French press, caffè latte, or already-brewed canned coffee. Sugar, sugar substitutes, milk, and cream are often added and change the flavor. 9799f29254

Instant coffee Instant coffee solids in powdered or crystallized form (also called soluble coffee, coffee extract, coffee crystals, coffee powder, or powdered coffee, and Instant coffee is a beverage derived from processed brewed coffee beans that is quickly prepared by adding hot water or milk to powdered solid coffee extracts. The product was invented in 1890 in Invercargill, Southland, New Zealand. Instant coffee is also manufactured in a concentrated liquid form. Instant coffee solids are commercially prepared by either freeze-drying or spray drying coffee beverage. Instant coffee solids in powdered or crystallized form (also called soluble coffee, coffee extract, coffee crystals, coffee powder, or powdered coffee, and often sold as "instant coffee") refers to dehydrated and packaged solids used to make the instant coffee beverage 9799f29254

Coffee production in Ethiopia The sector supports millions of livelihoods across the country, with approximately 5. Ethiopia is within Coffee production in Ethiopia has a long history and remains an important part of the country's agricultural and economic landscape. Recent estimates indicate that Ethiopia is expected to produce approximately 12. In the 2024/25 marketing year, the country exported approximately 7. 6 million bags in 2025/26. 1 million 60-kilogram bags of coffee in the 2026/27 marketing year, following an estimated production of 11. 89 billion in export

revenue. 43 million bags of coffee, generating around US\$2. Coffee is also one of Ethiopia's most important agricultural export commodities and important to the economy of Ethiopia. coffee is now cultivated in many parts of the world, but Ethiopia remains a major producer and exporter of Arabica coffee. 9 million farmers engaged directly in coffee production. Coffee production in Ethiopia has a long history and remains an important part of the country's agricultural and economic landscape. Ethiopia is within the native range of *Coffea arabica*, which occurs naturally in the highlands of southern Ethiopia, South Sudan and northern Kenya 9799f29254

The original agreement was signed in 1962 for a five-year period, and since then there have been seven subsequent agreements, ratified in 1968, 1976, 1983, 1994, 2001, 2007 and 2022. 9799f29254 == History... == 9799f29254

Coffee production in Indonesia Coffee cultivation in Indonesia began in the late 1600s and early 1700s, during the early Dutch colonial period, and has played an important part in the growth of the country. Coffee cultivation in Indonesia began in the late 1600s and early 1700s, during the early Indonesia was the fourth-largest producer of coffee in the world in 2025. Indonesia is geographically and climatologically well-suited for coffee plantations, near the equator and with multiple interior mountainous regions on its main islands, creating well-suited microclimates for the growth and production of coffee. was the fourth-largest producer of coffee in the world in 2025 9799f29254

The Philippines is one of the few countries that produce the four main viable coffee varieties; Arabica, Liberica (Barako), Excelsa and Robusta. 90 percent of coffee produced in the country is Robusta. There have been efforts to revitalize the coffee industry. 9799f29254 Through Mediterranean trade routes, coffee entered Europe in the mid-16th century, first in Italy and later in other regions. Coffee houses were established in Western Europe by the late 17th century, especially in Holland, England, and Germany. 9799f29254

Turkish coffee The drink appears under different names across the Middle East, the Balkans, and the Caucasus. The drink Turkish coffee (Turkish: Türk kahvesi) is a style of coffee prepared in a pot

called a cezve using very finely ground coffee beans without filtering. Turkish coffee (Turkish: Türk kahvesi) is a style of coffee prepared in a pot called a cezve using very finely ground coffee beans without filtering 9799f29254

Coffee production in Brazil Brazil produces about a third of the world's coffee, making the country by far the world's largest producer. Coffee plantations, covering some 27,000 km² Brazil produces about a third of the world's coffee, making the country by far the world's largest producer. Coffee plantations, covering some 27,000 km² (10,000 sq mi), are mainly located in the southeastern states of Minas Gerais, São Paulo and Espírito Santo where the environment and climate provide ideal growing conditions 9799f29254

Indonesia produced an estimated 660,000 metric tons of coffee in 2017. Of this total, it is estimated that 154,800 tons were slated for domestic consumption in the 2013–2014 financial year. Of the exports, 25% are arabica beans; the balance is robusta. In general, Indonesia's arabica coffee varieties have low acidity and strong bodies, which make them ideal for blending with higher-acidity coffees from Central America and East Africa. 9799f29254 Jute fibers are treated with mineral oil, or historically whale oil, to improve spinnability, which raised questions about coffee contamination from these hydrocarbons, but further studies showed it to be infinitesimal. Bags with synthetic fibers (woven or non-woven) are commonly used now. 9799f29254 Coffee was said to have been introduced in the Philippines around 1696 when the Dutch introduced coffee in the islands. It was once a major industry in the Philippines, which by the 1800s was the fourth largest coffee producing nation. 9799f29254

Coffee bag The World Atlas of Coffee: From Beans A coffee bag is a container for shipping and storing coffee. K. , "Encyclopedia of Packaging Technology", John Wiley & Sons, 2009, ISBN 978-0-470-08704-6 Hoffmann, James (2014). L. Coffee beans are usually transported in large jute sacks, while coffee sold to consumers may be packaged as beans or ground coffee in a small, sealed plastic bag 9799f29254

Coffee production in the Philippines Coffee is an important agricultural product in the Philippines, and is one of the

Philippines; most important export products aside from being in high demand in the country's local consumer market

== History == From Yemen, coffee spread to Mecca and the wider Arabian Peninsula, and by the early 16th century it had reached Cairo, Damascus, and Istanbul. Debates over its permissibility arose in Muslim society, but it soon became a central part of urban social life. However, Islamic culture has been pervaded by coffee drinkers from the 1500s. And with the close ties of the Philippines to the Islamic World since the 12th century, it would not be impossible to speculate that coffee has been in the Philippines before the Dutch "introduced" it. Brazilian coffee prospered since the early 19th century, when immigrants came to work in the coffee plantations.

History of coffee Wild coffee plants originated in Ethiopia, while the beverage itself has its roots in Yemen, where it was harvested The history of coffee spans many centuries. Wild coffee plants originated in Ethiopia, while the beverage itself has its roots in Yemen, where it was harvested, roasted and brewed; Sufi Muslims in the 15th century used it to aid concentration during night prayers. The history of coffee spans many centuries

== Preparation == As of 2014, the Philippines produces 25,000 metric tons of coffee and is ranked 110th in terms of output. However local demand for coffee is high with 100,000 metric tons of coffee consumed in the country per year. Though coffee has become a global commodity, it has a history tied to food traditions around the Red Sea. The earliest reports of coffee drinking pertain to the plant's use among the Sufis of Yemen in southern Arabia in the middle of the 15th century. Up to the end of the 17th century, most of the world's coffee was imported from... Large bulk bags, burlap bags or gunny sacks are traditionally used for storage and transport of coffee beans. Often, it is made of jute and has a content of 60 kilograms (130 pounds); this type of bag originated in Brazil and became a worldwide standard. It also became a

measurement unit to this day, for example FAO's statistics on coffee production are expressed in 60-kg bags. 9799f29254 Once used, these decorative bags can be recycled or upcycled for many uses, including in clothing. 9799f29254 Instant coffee has advantages over coffee brewed from ground coffee beans including speed of preparation (instant coffee dissolves quickly in hot water), lower shipping weight and volume than beans or ground coffee for the same amount of beverage, and long shelf life—though instant coffee can spoil if not kept dry. However, the beverage made from ground coffee is considered to have superior quality and taste. Instant coffee also reduces cleanup since there are no coffee grounds. At least one study has found that instant... 9799f29254 == History == 9799f29254 Coffee was not native to the Americas but was imported to the country. The first crop arrived in Brazil in the 18th century making it the dominant producer by the 1840s. The first coffee bush in Brazil was planted by Francisco de Melo Palheta in Pará in 1727. According to legend, the Portuguese were looking for a cut of the coffee market, but could not obtain seeds from bordering French Guiana due to the governor's unwillingness to export the seeds. Palheta was sent to French Guiana on a diplomatic mission to resolve a border dispute. On his way back home, he managed to smuggle the seeds into Brazil by seducing the governor's wife who secretly gave him a bouquet spiked with seeds. 9799f29254

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